

# Singularity-Constrained Octahedral Fields for Hexahedral Meshing

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Paul Zhang, MIT

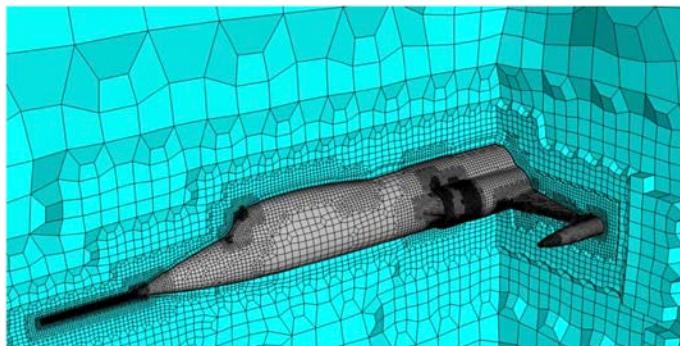
Edward Chien, MIT

Justin Solomon, MIT

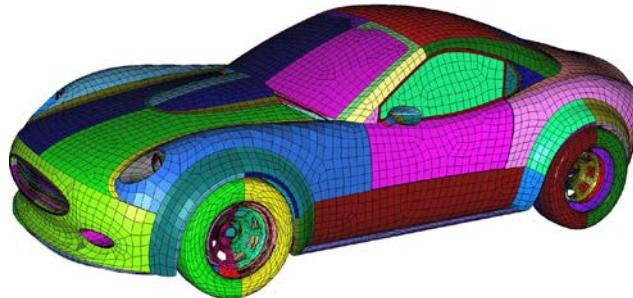
David Bommes, RWTH Aachen University



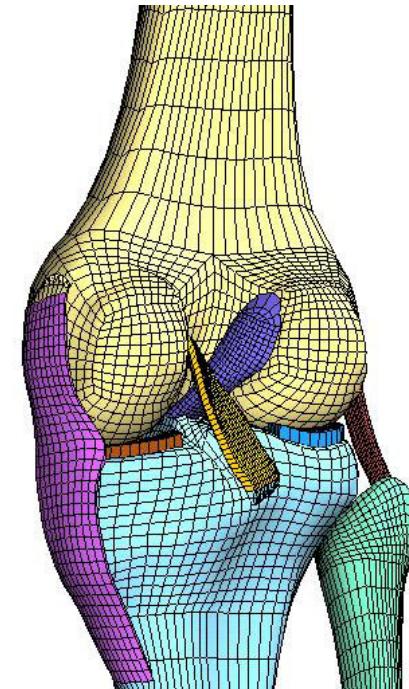
# Why Hexahedral Meshes?



Aerospace [MeshGems]

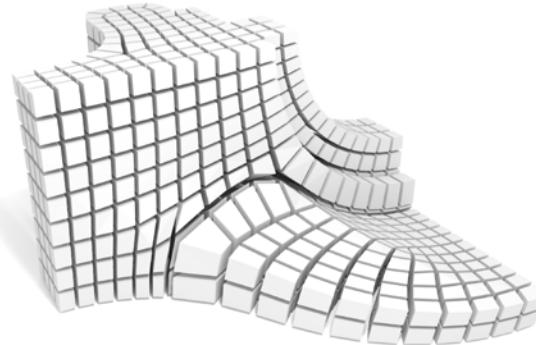


Automotive [CM2 MeshTools]



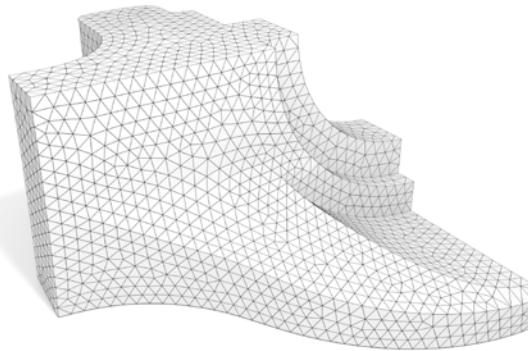
Biomechanics [TrueGrid]

# Motivation



hexahedral mesh

VS



tetrahedral mesh

- **Advantage:**

superior numerical properties,  
e.g. performance, accuracy

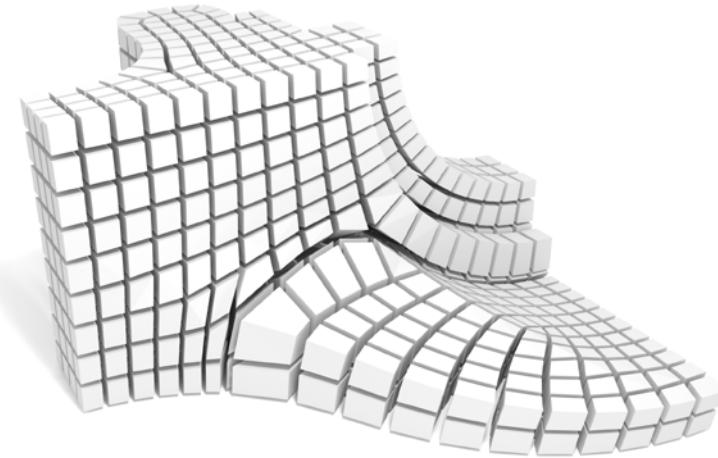
- **Problem:**

difficult to generate good quality hex meshes

# Motivation

- **Problem:**  
difficult to generate good quality hex meshes.

- **Good quality:**
  - approximation
    - faithful & boundary aligned
  - regularity
    - few singularities/irregularities
  - element quality
    - scaled Jacobians close to 1

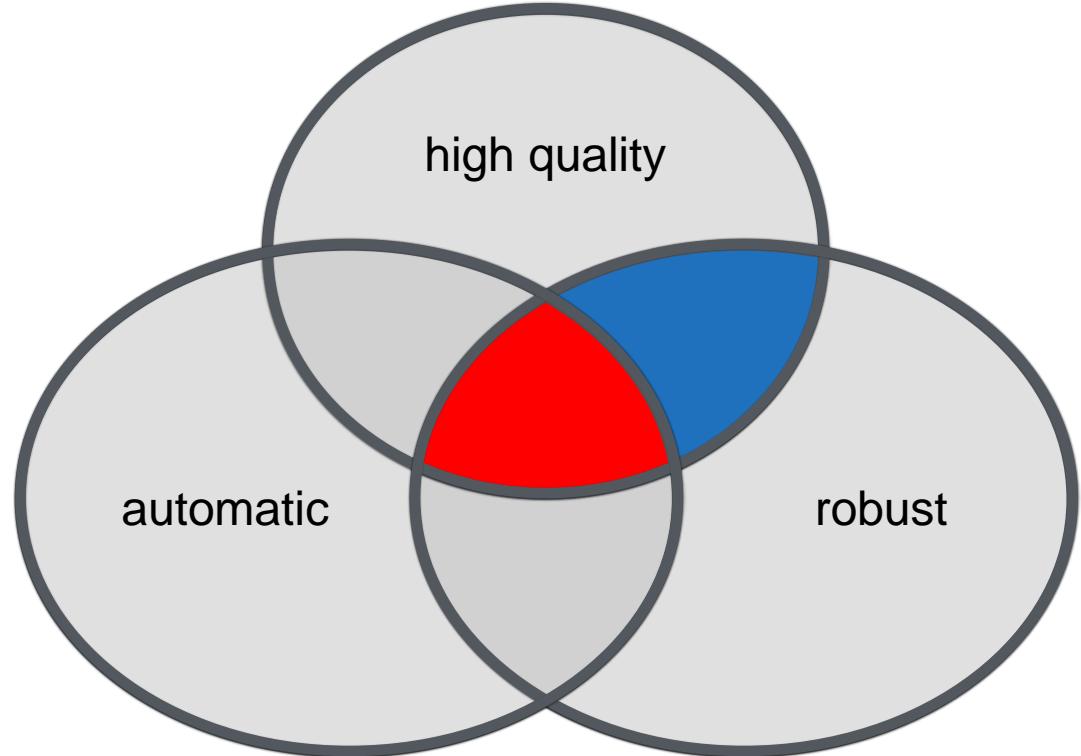


hexahedral mesh

# Motivation

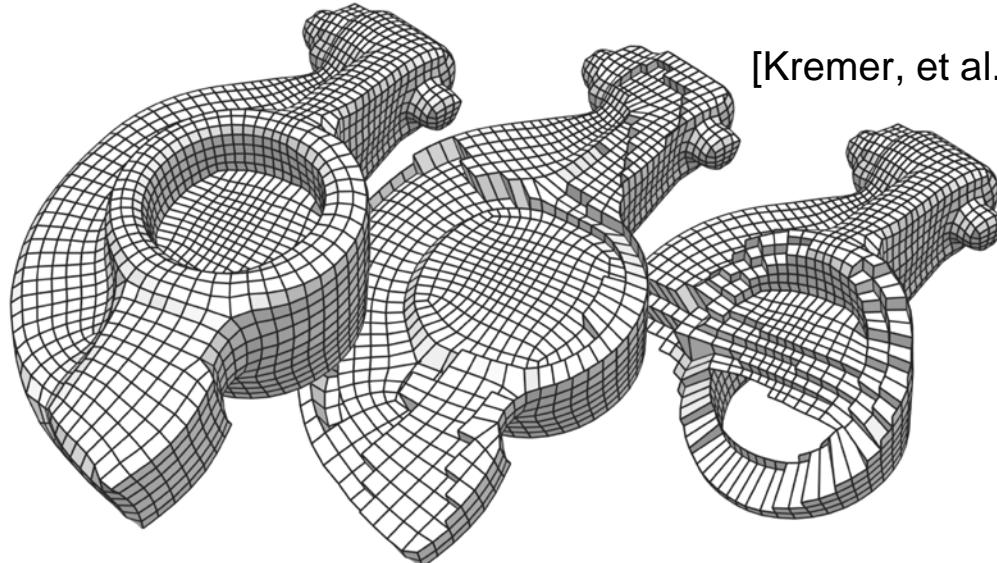
- **Hex Meshing**
  - automation
  - robustness
  - high quality

No robust &  
automatic algorithm!

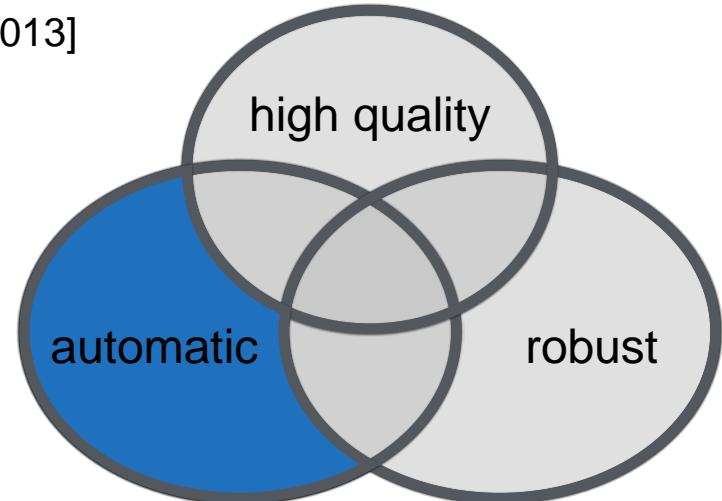


# State-of-the-art

- **Hex Meshing**
  - Advancing fronts

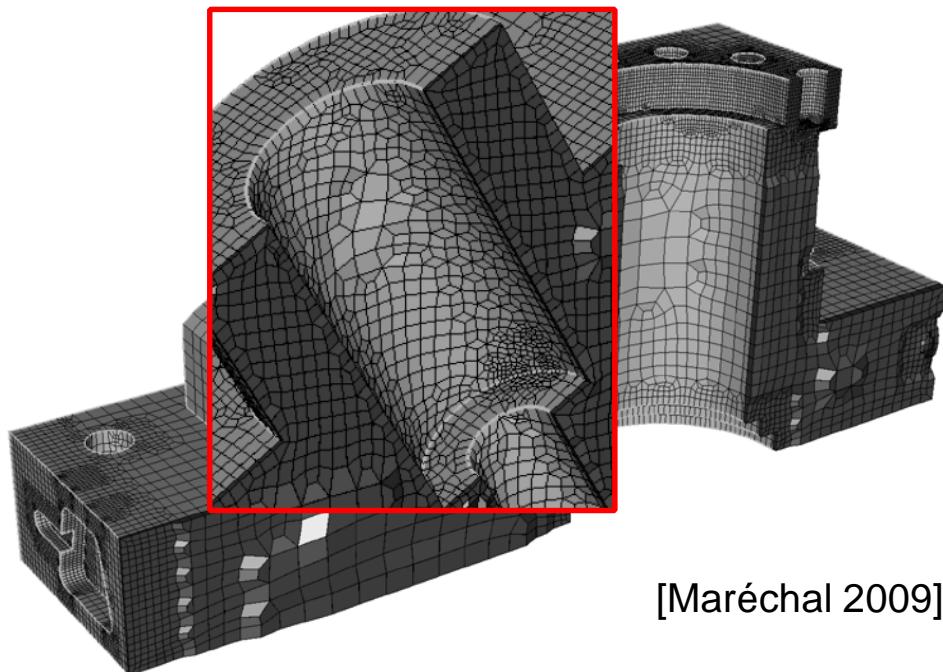


[Kremer, et al. 2013]

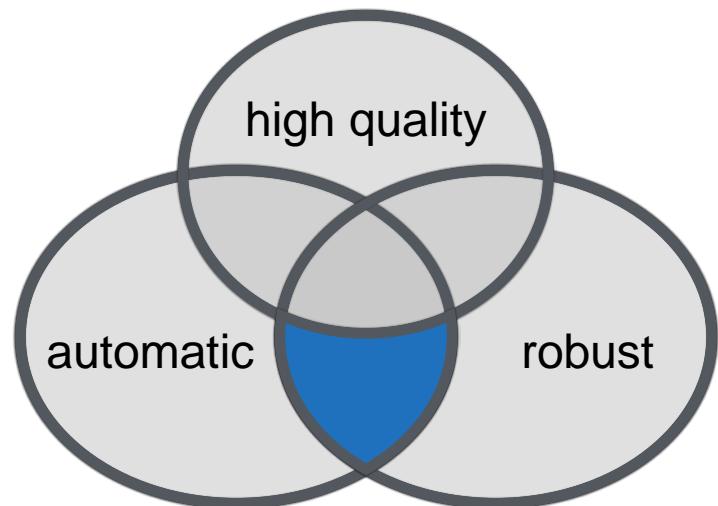


# State-of-the-art

- **Hex Meshing**
  - Grid based methods



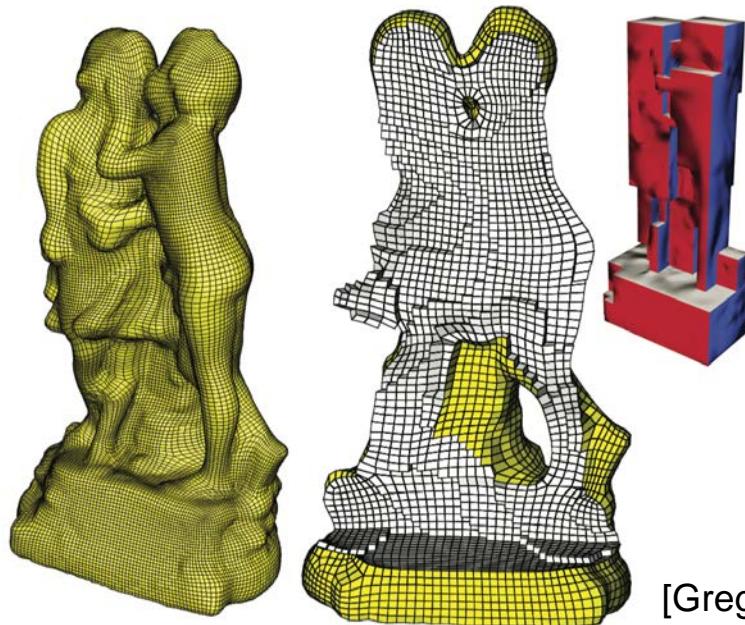
[Maréchal 2009]



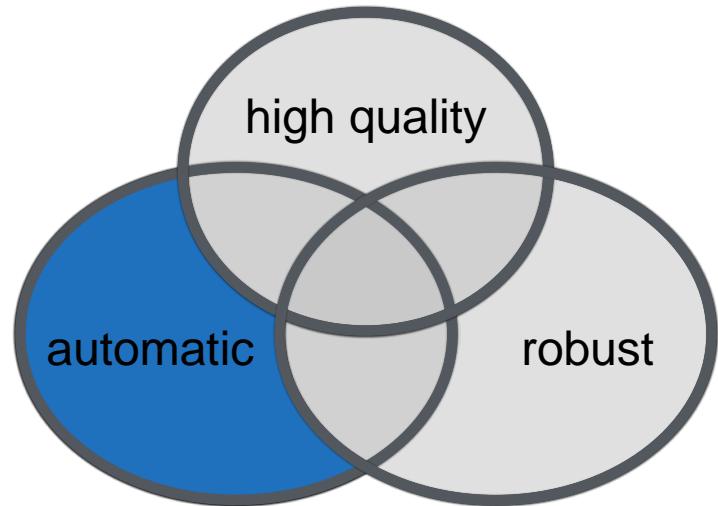
# State-of-the-art

- **Hex Meshing**

- Polycube based: Gregson et al. 2011, Livesu et al. 2013, Huang et al. 2014, Fu et al. 2016, Fang et al. 2016, Xu et al. 2017...



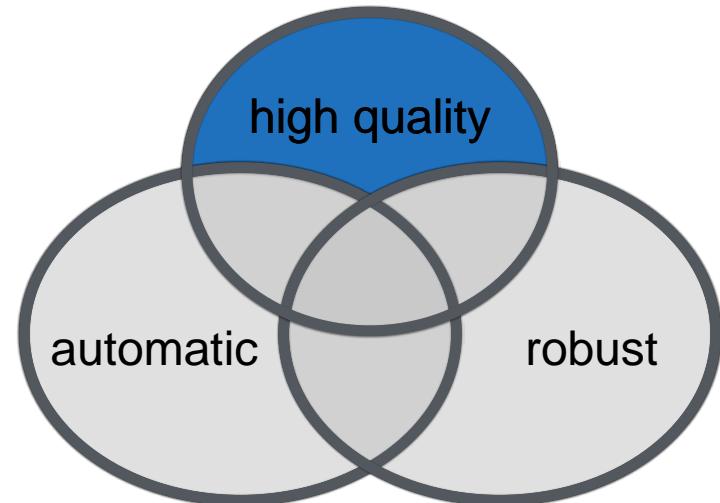
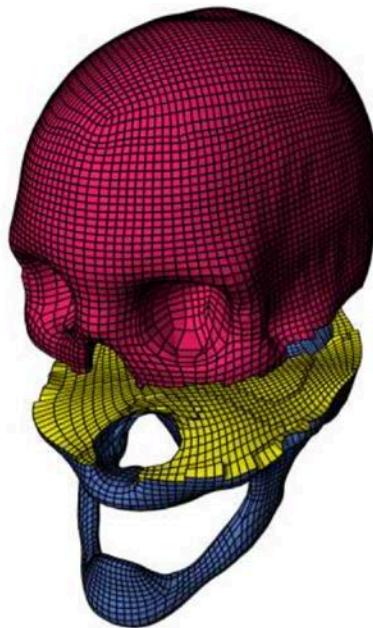
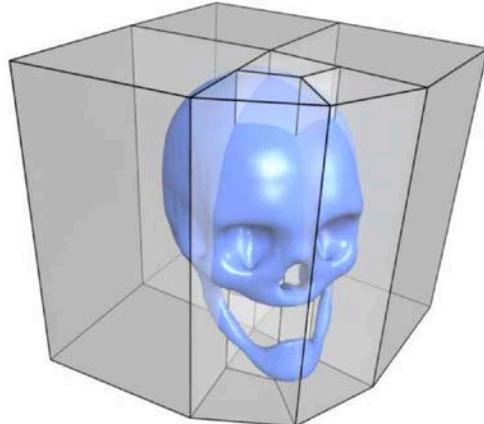
[Gregson, et al. 2011]



# State-of-the-art

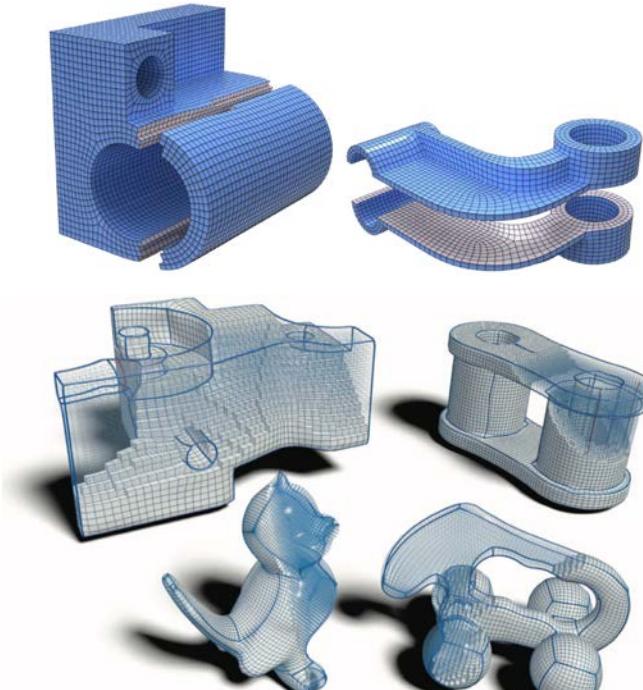
- **Hex Meshing**
  - Octahedral field based

[Nieser, et al. 2011]



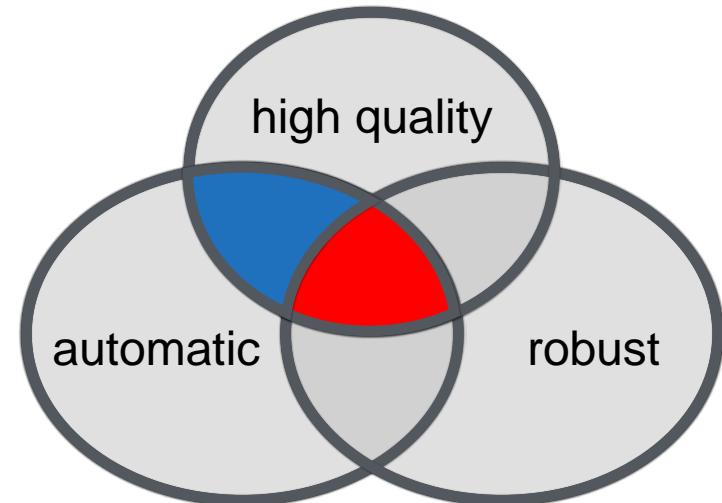
# State-of-the-art

- **Hex Meshing**
  - Octahedral field based



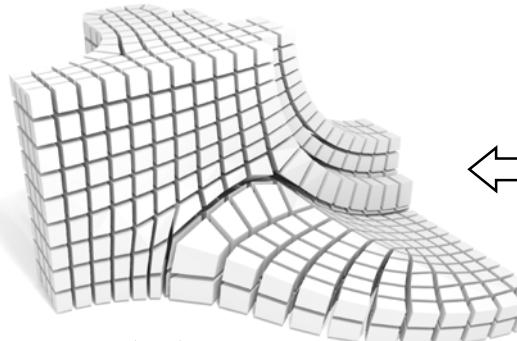
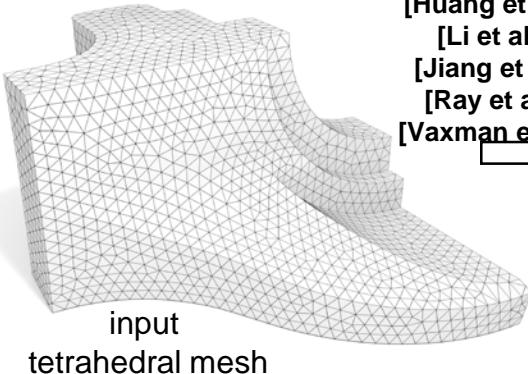
[Li, et al. 2012]

[Jiang, et al. 2013]

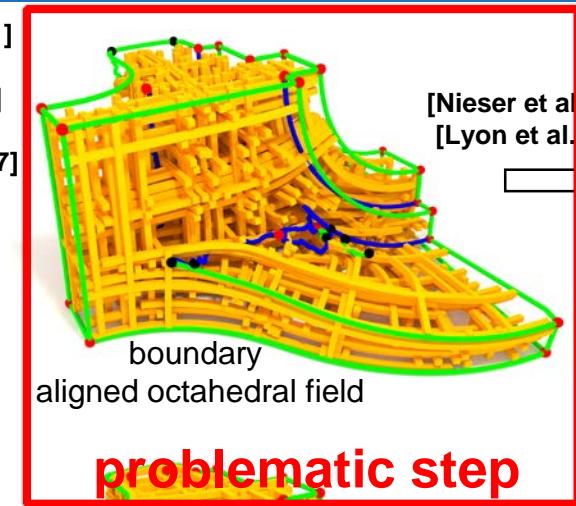


# Octahedral Field Based Hex Meshing

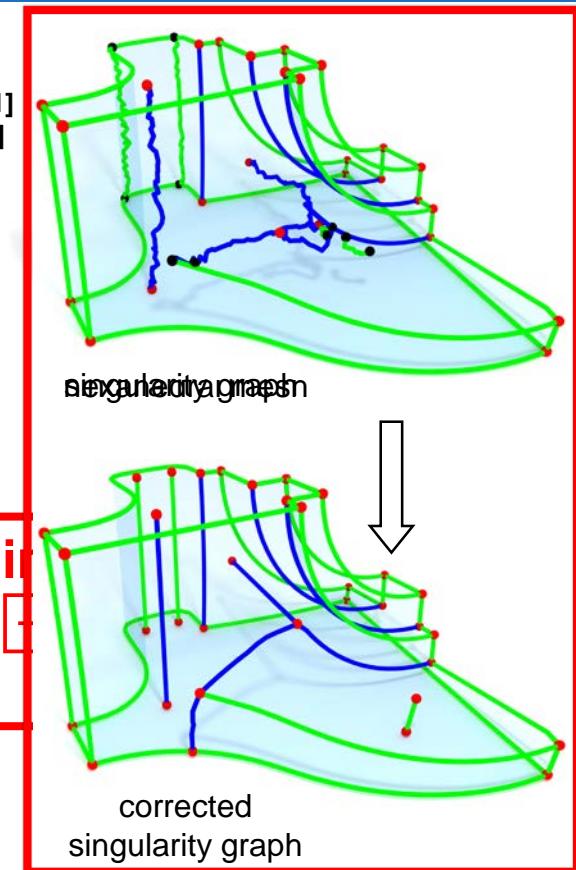
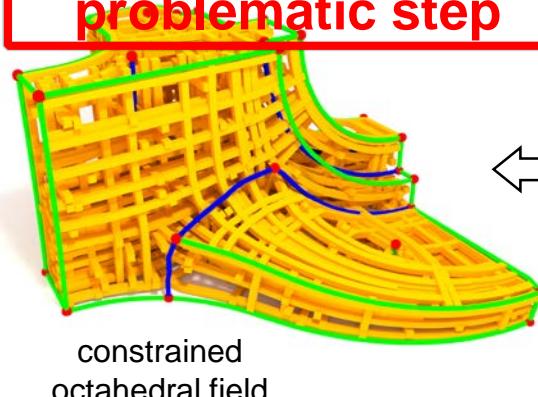
# Modified All-Goeth Based Hex Meshing



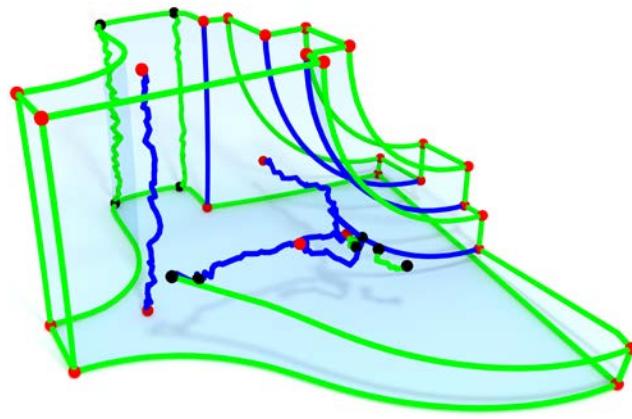
[Huang et al. 2011]  
[Li et al. 2012]  
[Jiang et al. 2014]  
[Ray et al. 2016]  
[Vaxman et al. 2017]



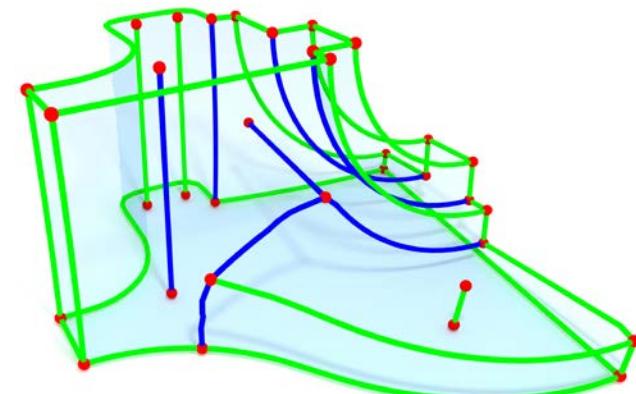
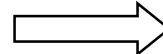
[Nieser et al. 2011]  
[Lyon et al. 2016]



# Contribution 1

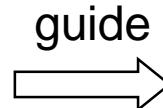


singularity graph



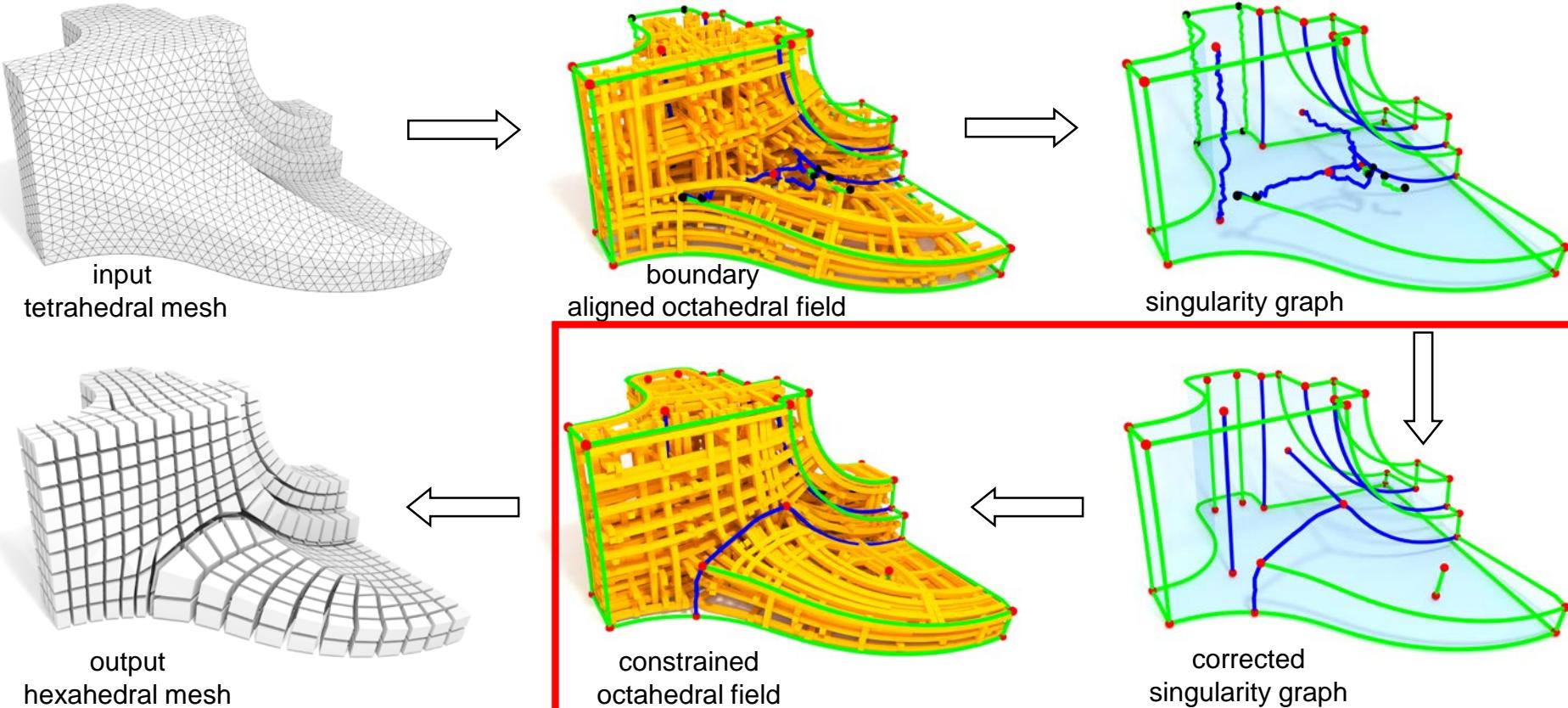
corrected singularity graph

- local configurations
- global necessary condition

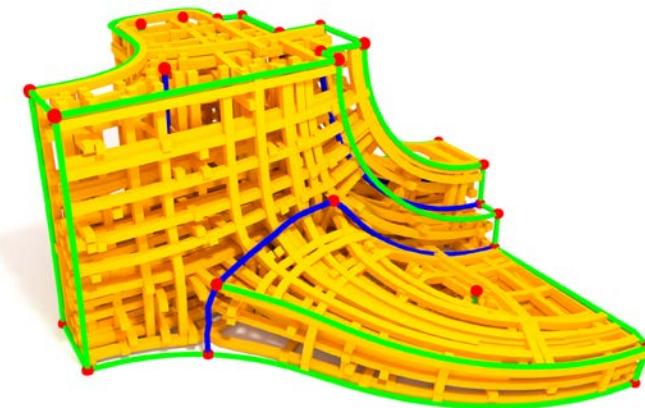


guide  
singularity graph correction  
current: manual & future: automatic

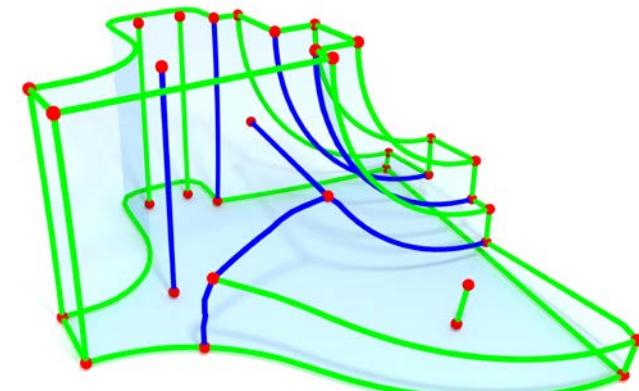
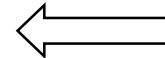
# Modified Algorithm



# Contribution 2



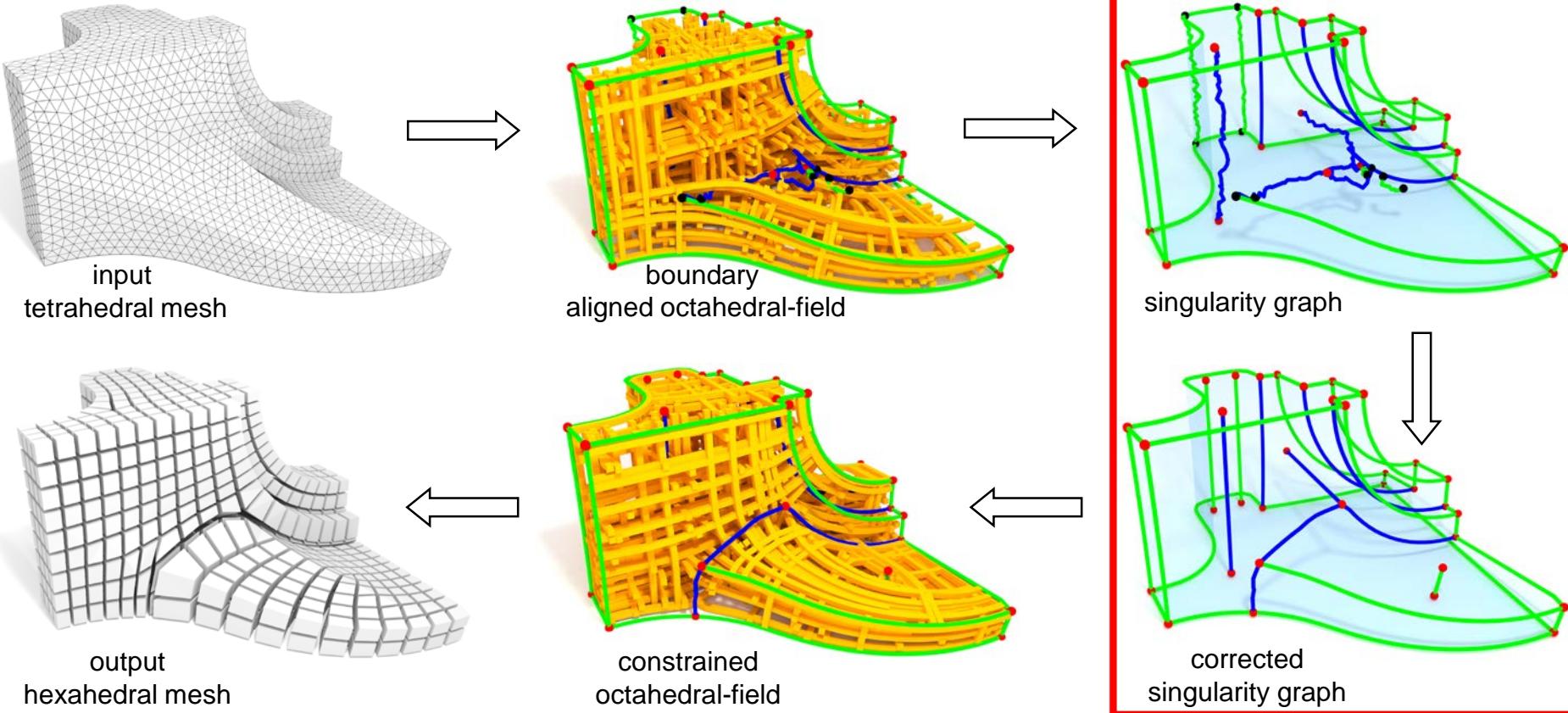
constrained octahedral field



corrected singularity graph

- algorithm to generate octahedral fields with prescribed hex-meshable singularity graphs

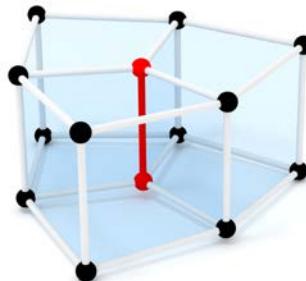
# Modified Algorithm



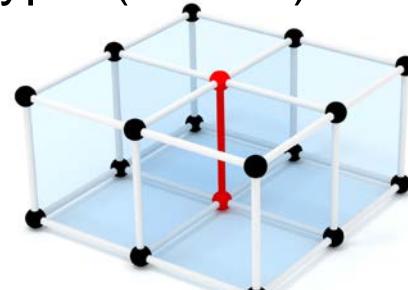
# What are hex mesh singularities?

# Hex Mesh Singularities

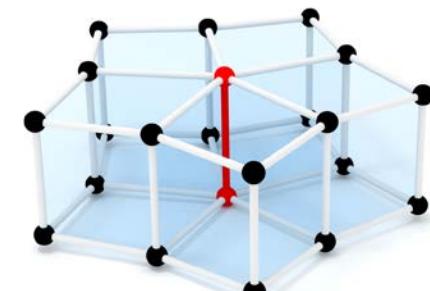
- Local Conditions - Edge types(interior)



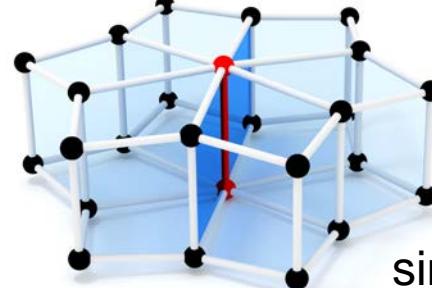
singular  
valence 3



regular  
valence 4



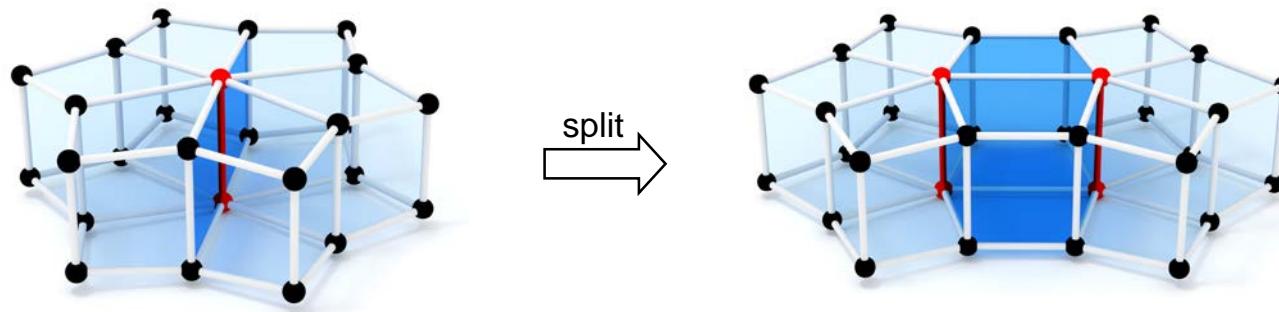
singular  
valence 5



singular  
valence 6

# Hex Mesh Singularities

- Local Conditions - Edge types(interior)

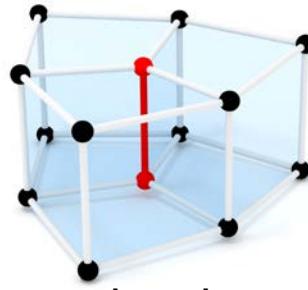


singular  
valence 6

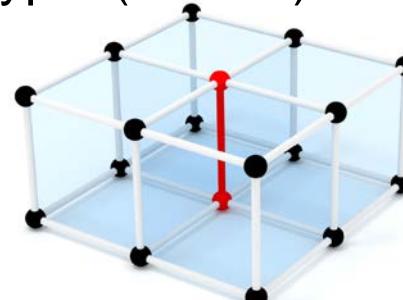
twice valence 5

# Hex Mesh Singularities

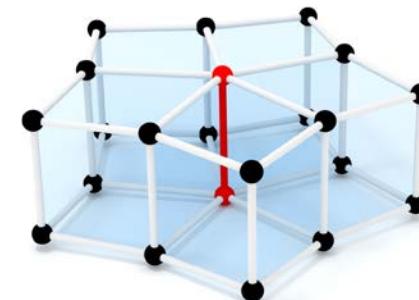
- Local Conditions - Edge types(interior)



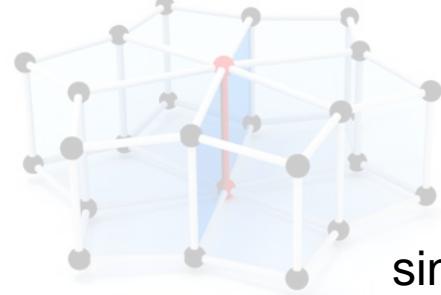
singular  
valence 3



regular  
valence 4



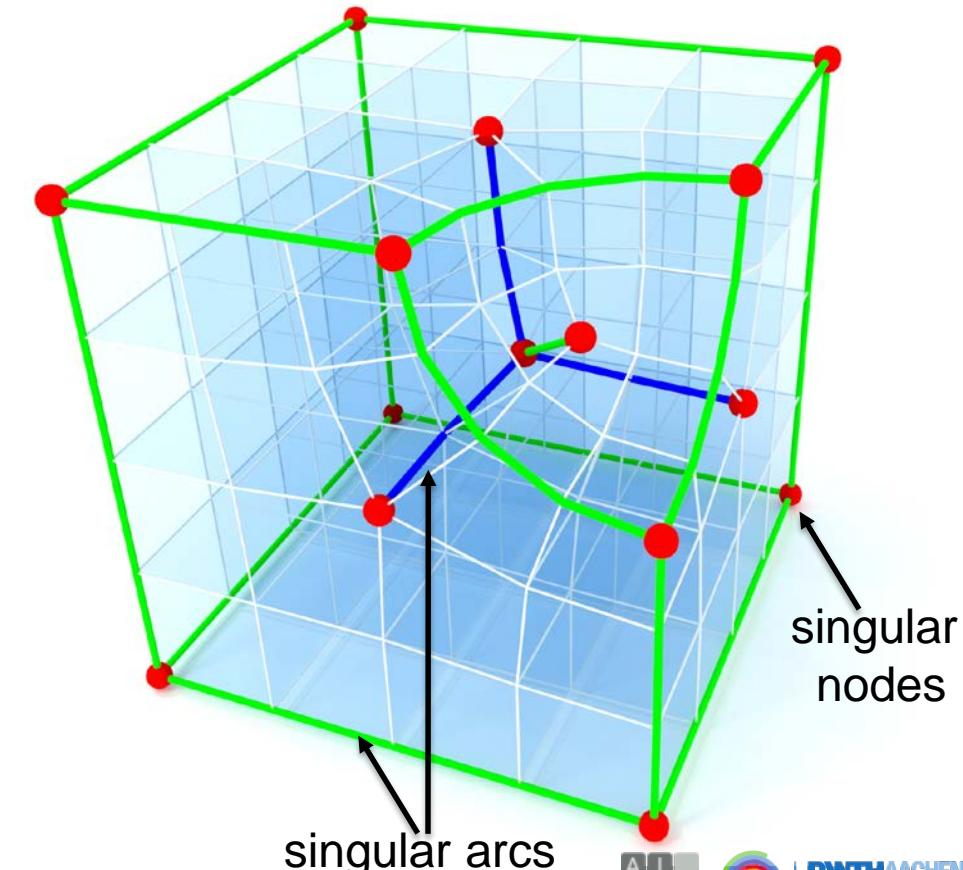
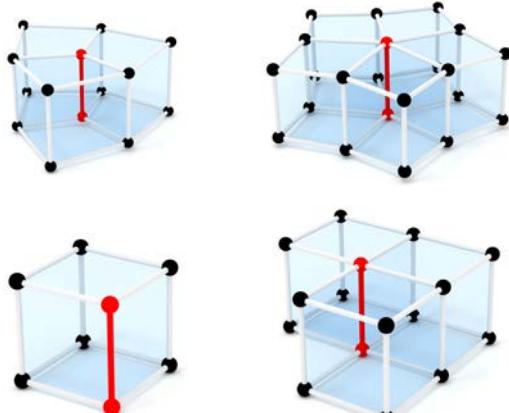
singular  
valence 5



singular  
valence 6

# Hex Mesh Singularities

- Singularity graph  
 $\mathcal{S} = (V_S, E_S)$

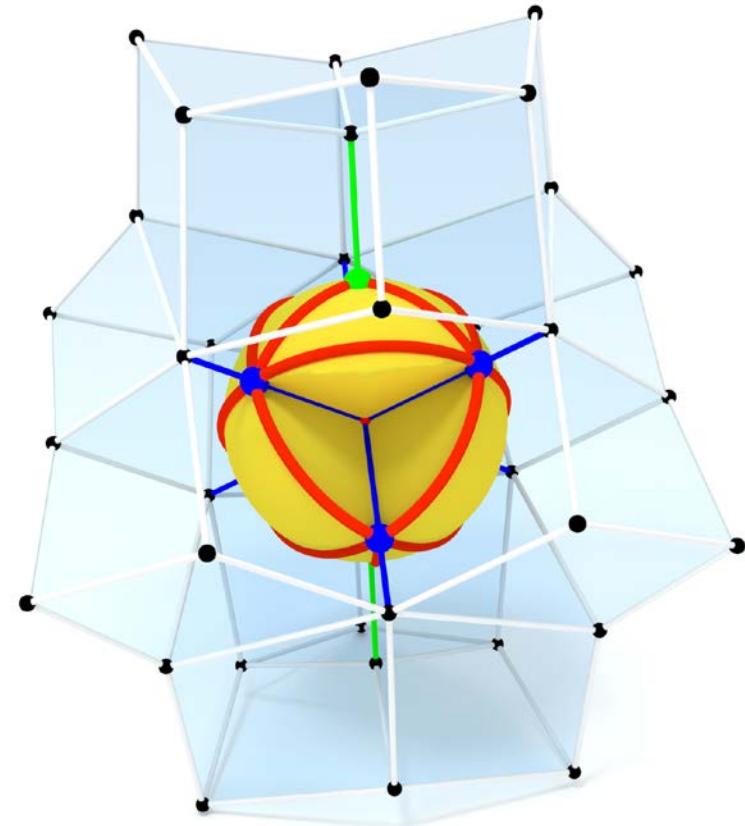
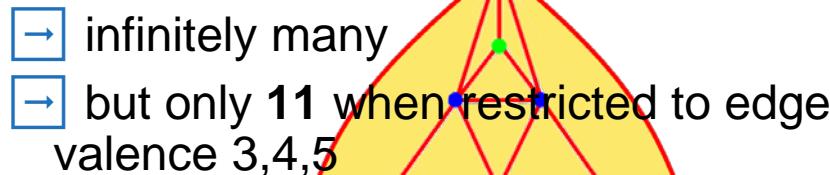


# Hex Mesh Singularities

- Vertex types

hex mesh vertices are isomorphic to triangulations of the sphere

- How many different?

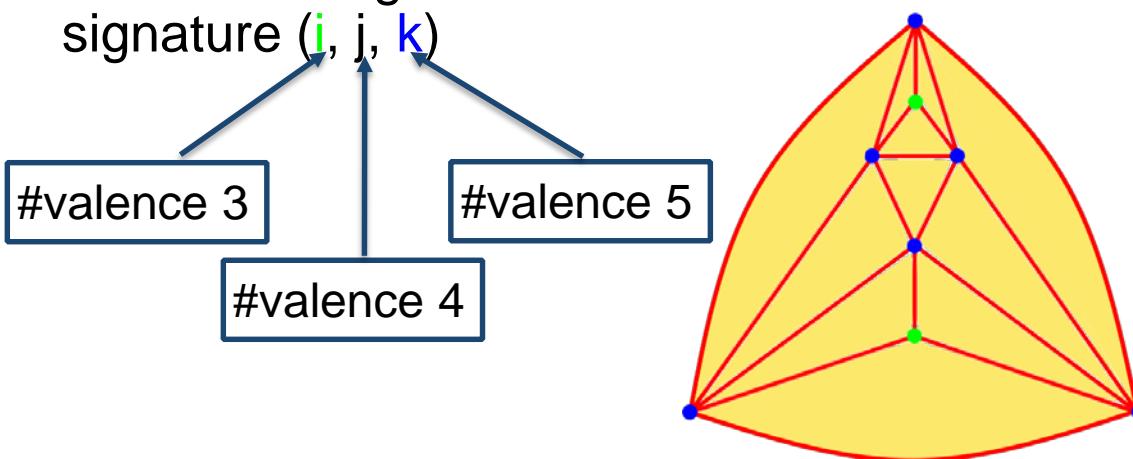


# Hex Mesh Singularities

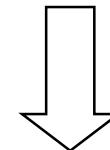
- How many sphere triangulations exists with vertex valences restricted to 3, 4, 5?

→ Answer: **only 11**

- Assume triangulation has  $\#V$  vertices with signature  $(i, j, k)$



Euler formula  
 $\#V - \#E + \#F = 2$



$$3i + 2j + k = 12 \quad \text{with} \quad i+j+k = \#V$$

consequences:

1. minimal  $\#V = 4$  ( $i=4$ )
2. maximal  $\#V = 12$  ( $k=12$ )

# Hex Mesh Singularities

$$3i + 2j + k = 12$$

with  
 $i+j+k = \#V$

- #V=4  
 $(4,0,0)$
- #V=5  
 ~~$(3,1,1), (2,3,0)$~~
- #V=6  
 ~~$(3,0,3), (2,2,2), (1,4,1), (0,6,0)$~~
- #V=7  
 ~~$(0,5,2), (1,3,3), (2,1,4)$~~
- #V=8  
 ~~$(0,4,4), (1,2,5), (2,0,6)$~~
- #V=9  
 ~~$(0,3,6), (1,1,7)$~~
- #V=10  
 ~~$(0,2,8), (1,0,9)$~~
- #V=11  
 ~~$(0,1,10)$~~
- #V=12  
 $(0,0,12)$

valence 5 with 5 vertices requires self-connection

[Schmeichel and Hakimi 1977]

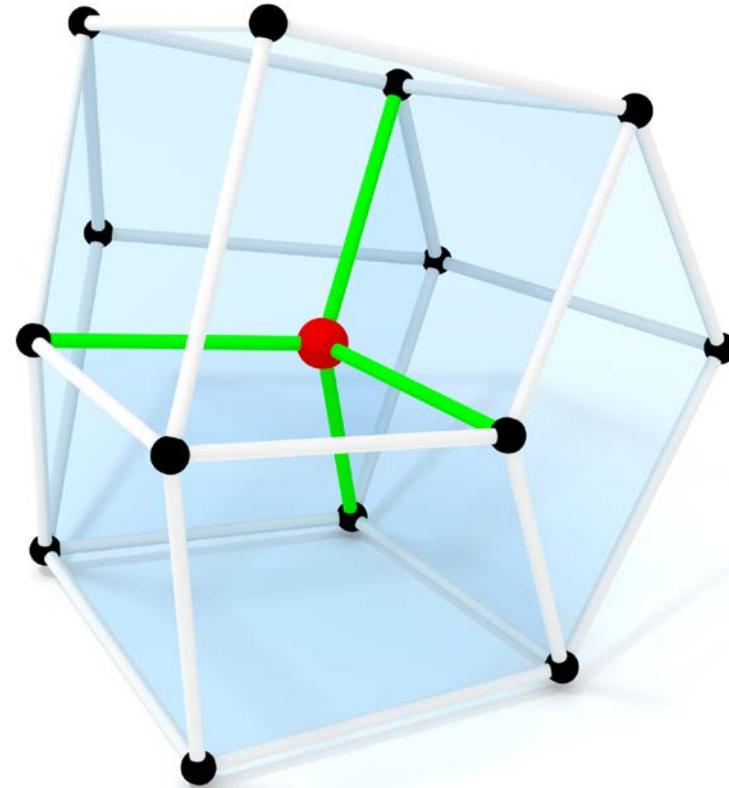
"On Planar Graphical Degree Sequences"

[Mishra and Sarvate 2007]

"A note on Non-Regular Planar Graphs"

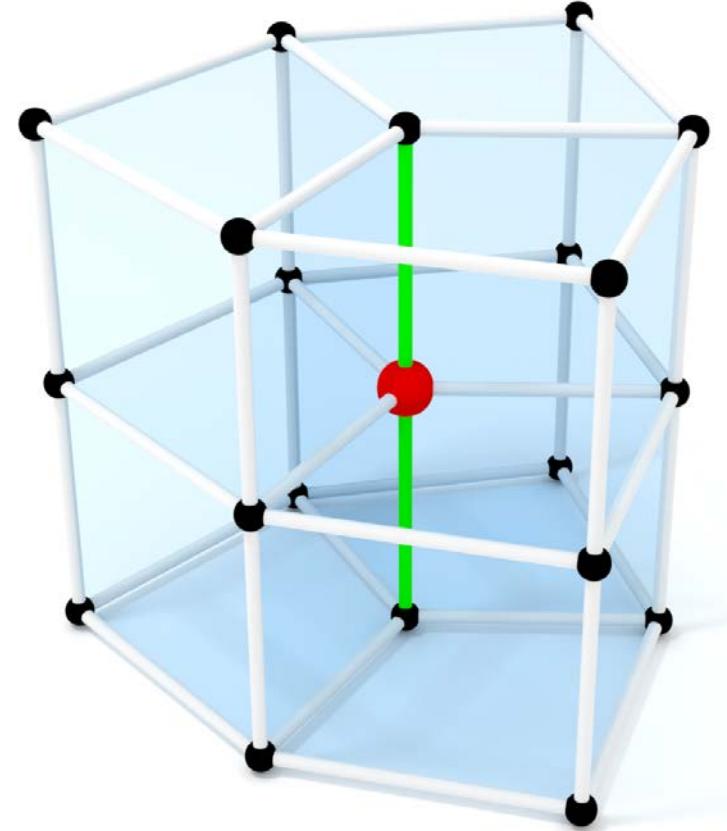
# Hex Mesh Singularities

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(4,0,0)
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- #V=6  
(2,2,2), (0,6,0)
- #V=7  
(0,5,2), (1,3,3)
- #V=8  
(0,4,4), (2,0,6)
- #V=9  
(0,3,6)
- #V=10  
(0,2,8)
- #V=12  
(0,0,12)



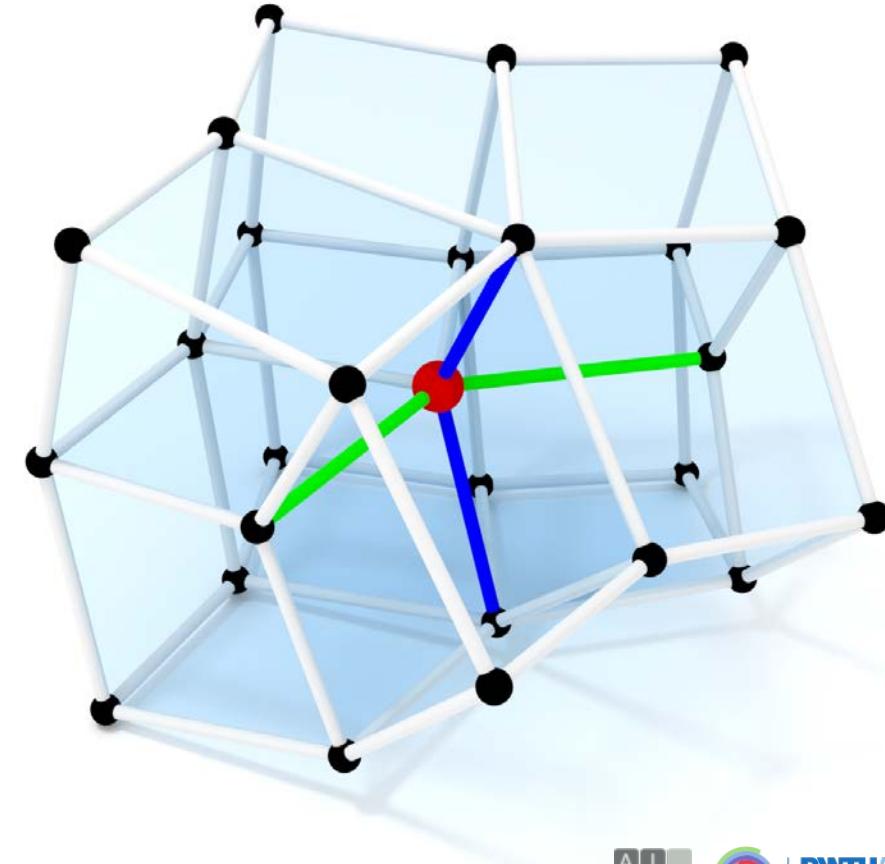
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(0,3,6)
- #V=10  
(0,2,8)
- #V=12  
(0,0,12)



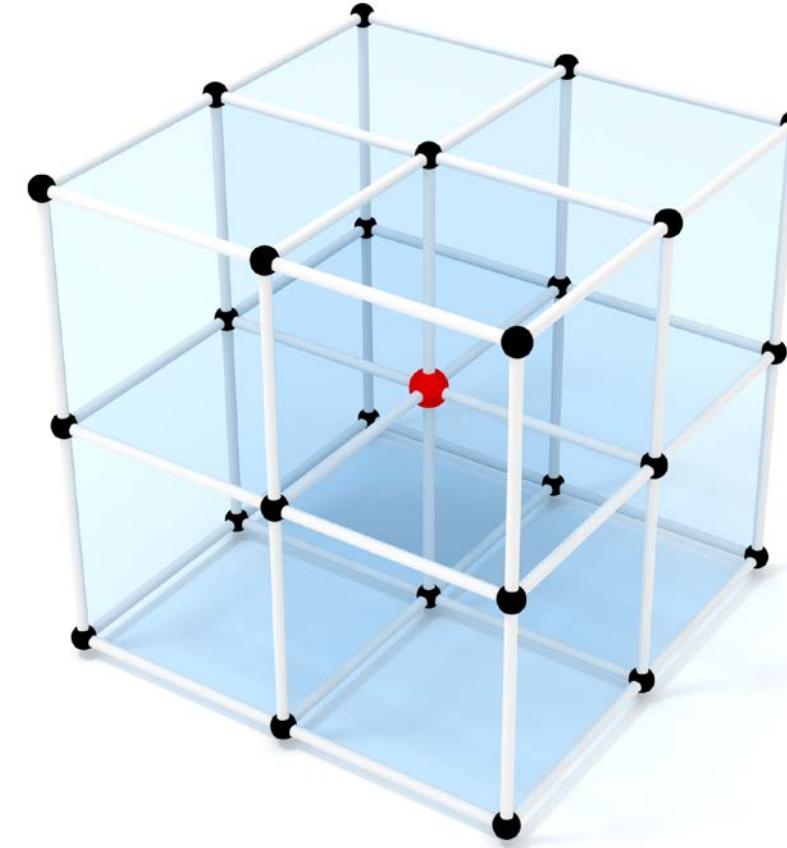
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(0,4,4), (2,0,6)
- #V=9  
(0,3,6)
- #V=10  
(0,2,8)
- #V=12  
(0,0,12)



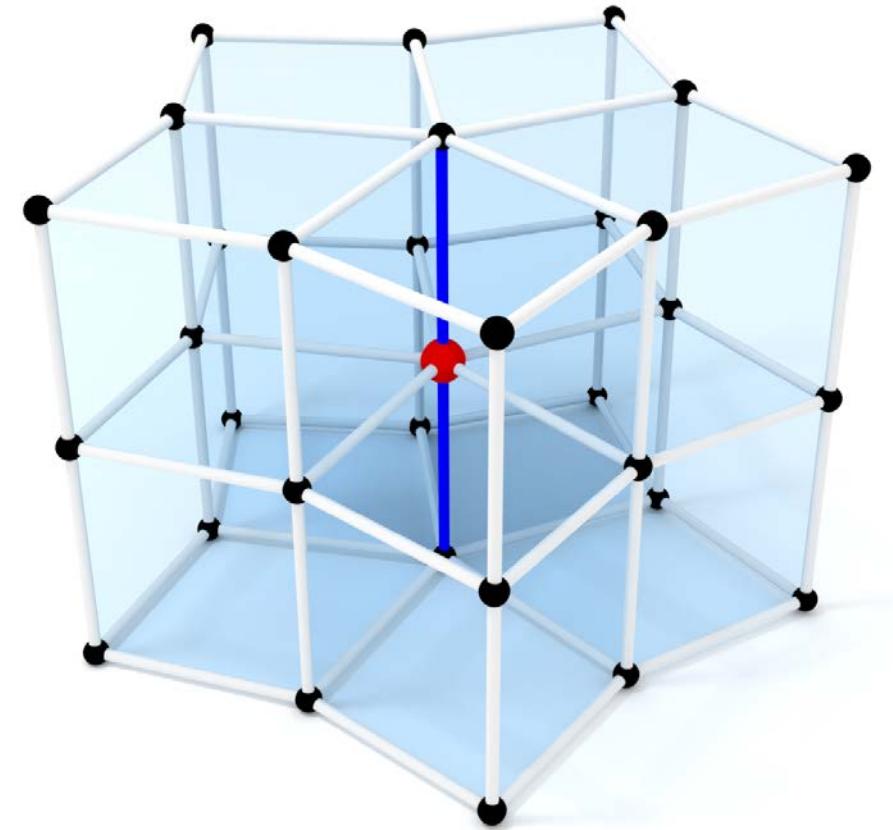
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- #V=9  
(0,3,6)
- #V=10  
(0,2,8)
- #V=12  
(0,0,12)



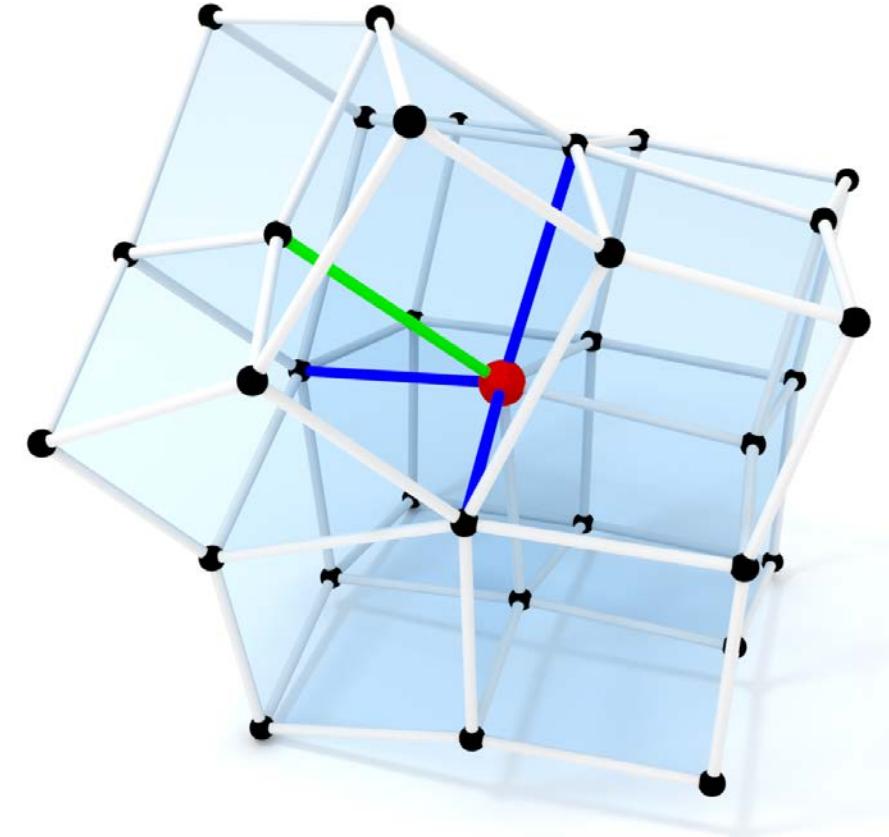
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(0,3,6)
- #V=10  
(0,2,8)
- #V=12  
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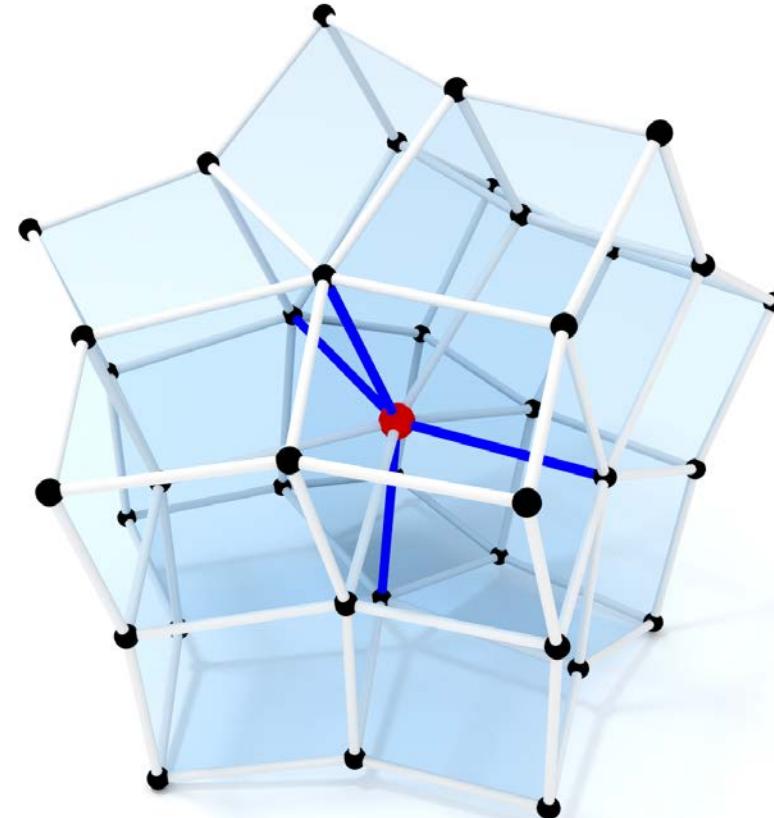
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(0,5,2), (**1,3,3**)
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(0,4,4), (2,0,6)
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(0,3,6)
- #V=10  
(0,2,8)
- #V=12  
(0,0,12)



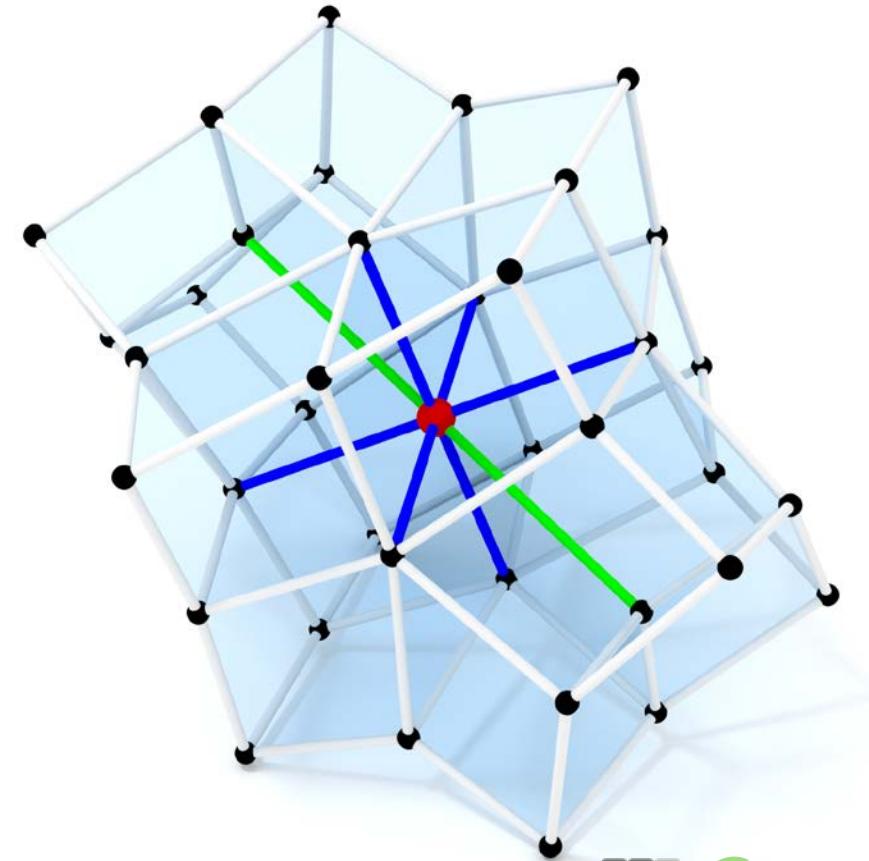
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- #V=10  
(0,2,8)
- #V=12  
(0,0,12)



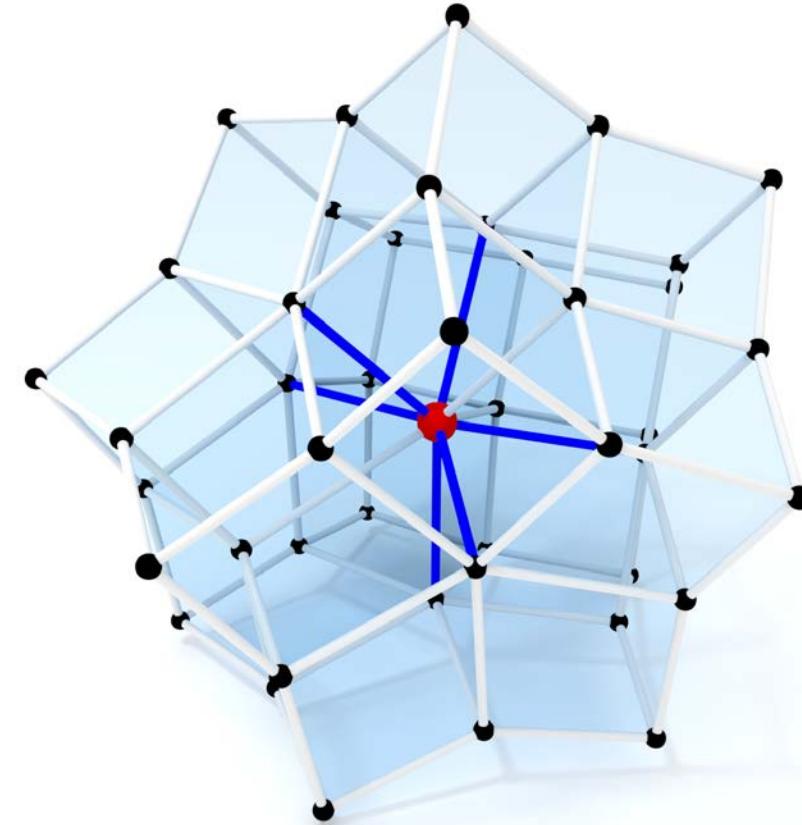
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(0,5,2), (1,3,3)
- #V=8  
(0,4,4), (**2,0,6**)
- #V=9  
(0,3,6)
- #V=10  
(0,2,8)
- #V=12  
(0,0,12)



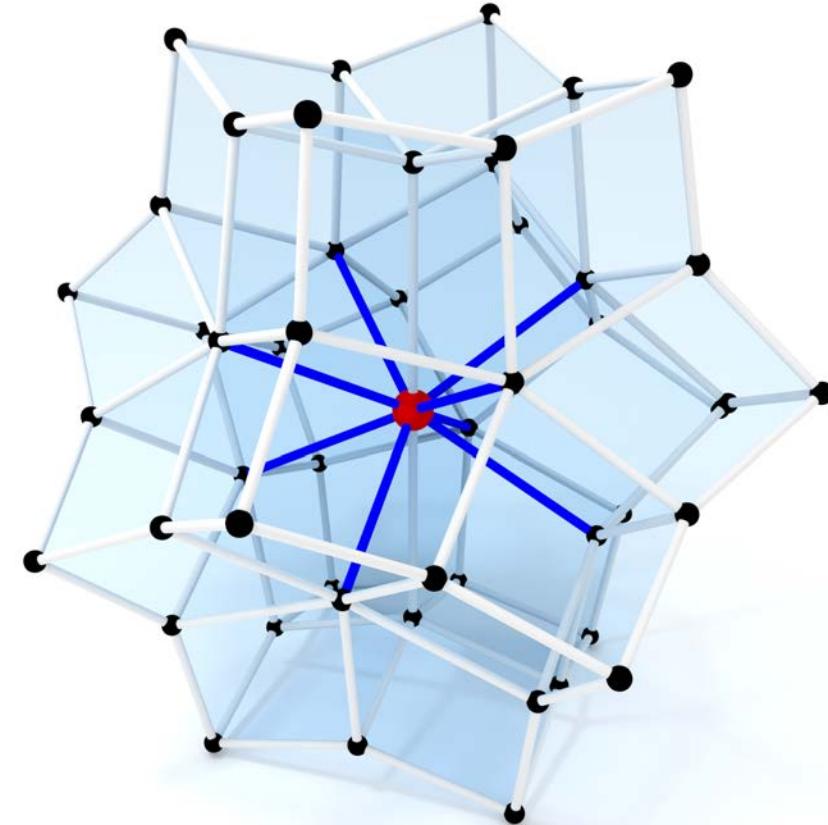
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- #V=12  
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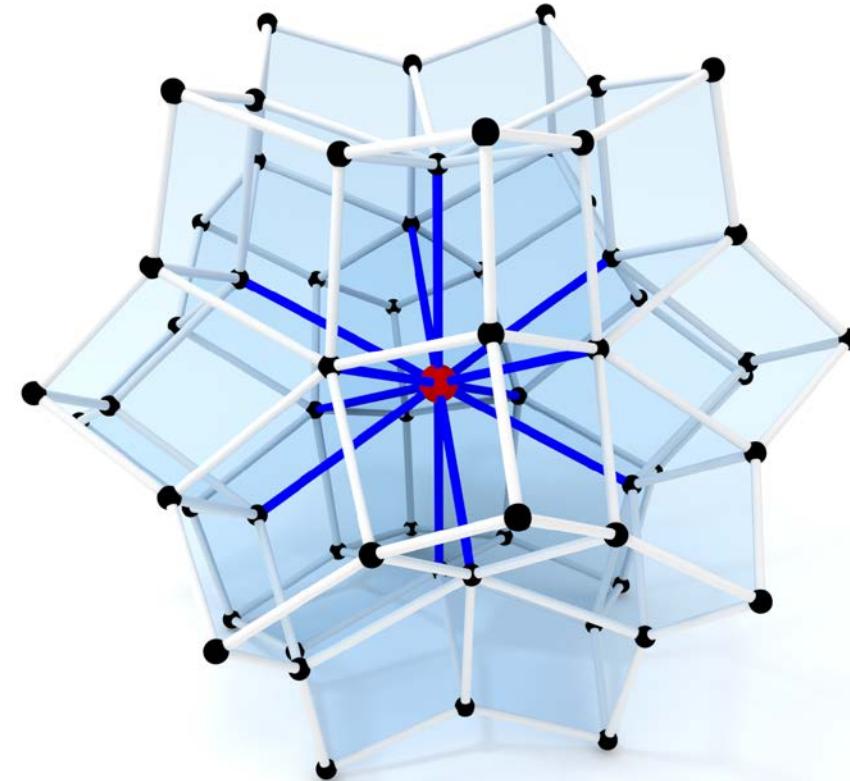
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# Hex Mesh Singularities

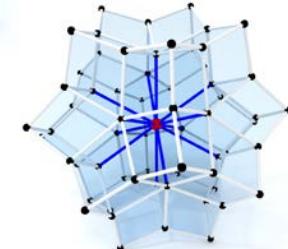
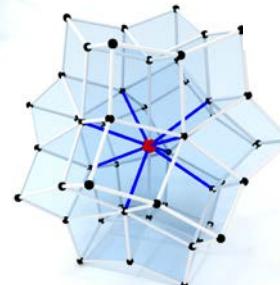
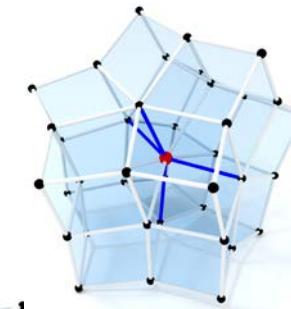
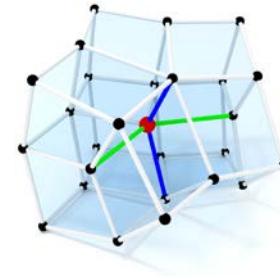
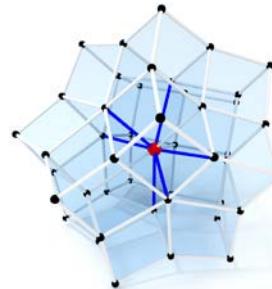
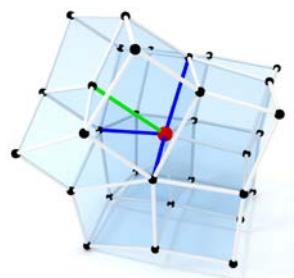
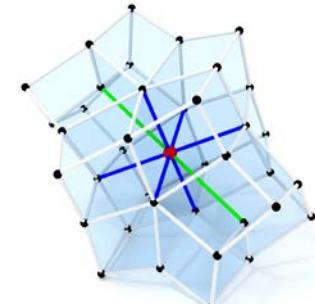
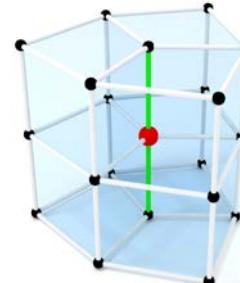
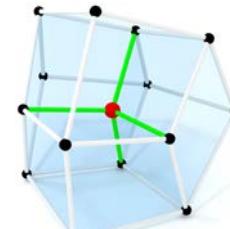
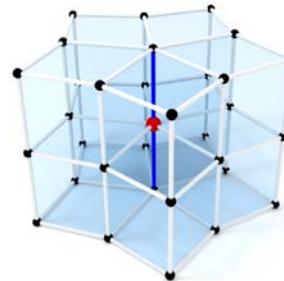
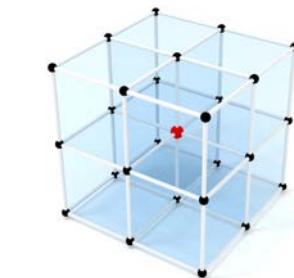
- **#V=4**  
(4,0,0)
- **#V=5**  
(2,3,0)
- **#V=6**  
(2,2,2), (0,6,0)
- **#V=7**  
(0,5,2), (1,3,3)
- **#V=8**  
(0,4,4), (2,0,6)
- **#V=9**  
(0,3,6)
- **#V=10**  
(0,2,8)
- **#V=12**  
**(0,0,12)**



# Hex Meshable Singularity Graphs (valence 3/4/5)

- Local Conditions - Vertex types(interior)

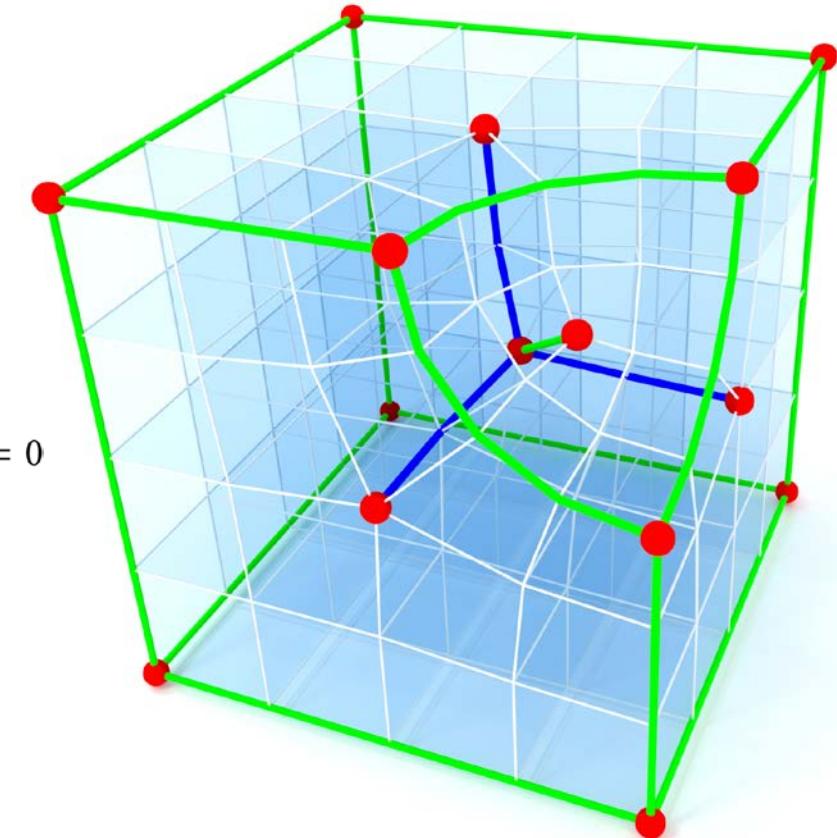
each singular node is one of the  
11 configurations



# Hex Meshable Singularity Graphs (valence 3/4/5)

- Global Necessary Condition

$$\sum_{v \in \partial V_S} \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 - \frac{\text{val}_h(v)}{4} \right) - \sum_{e \in \partial E_S^-} \text{idx}(e) + \sum_{v \in \overset{\circ}{V}_S} \left( 1 - \frac{\text{val}_h(v)}{8} \right) - \sum_{e \in \overset{\circ}{E}_S^-} \text{idx}(e) = 0$$



# What are Octahedral Field singularities?

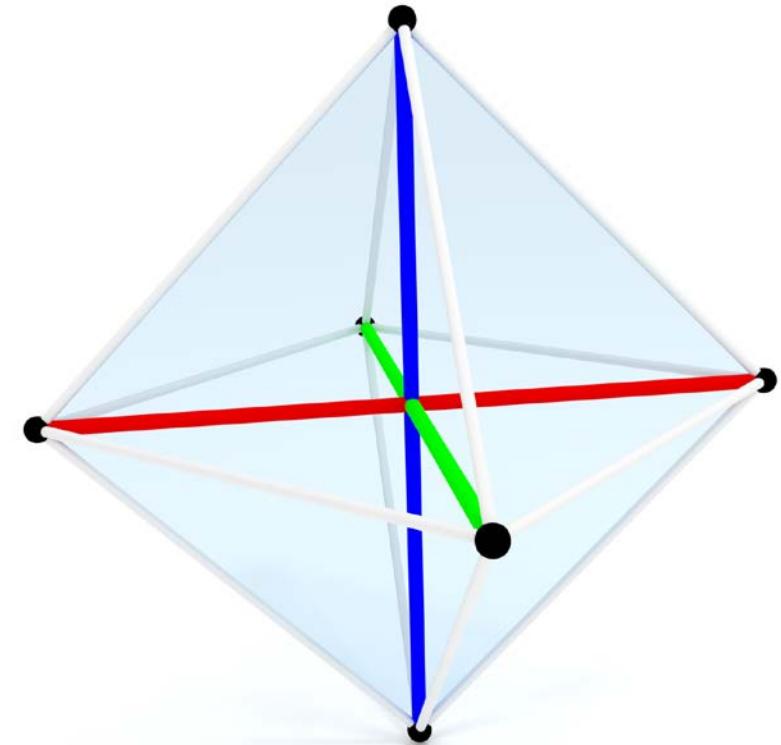
hex mesh  
singularities



octahedral-field  
singularities

# Octahedral Field Singularities

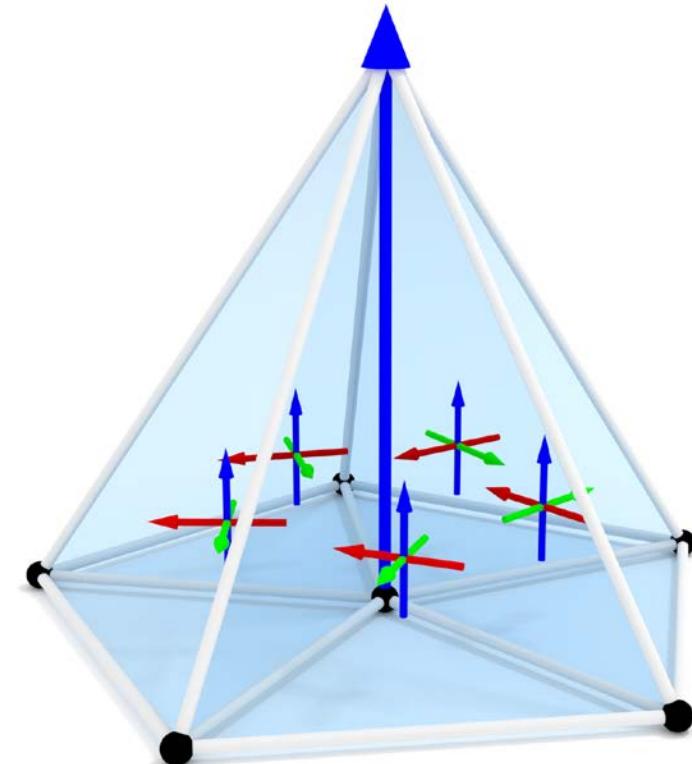
- Octahedral-Fields



# Octahedral Field Singularities

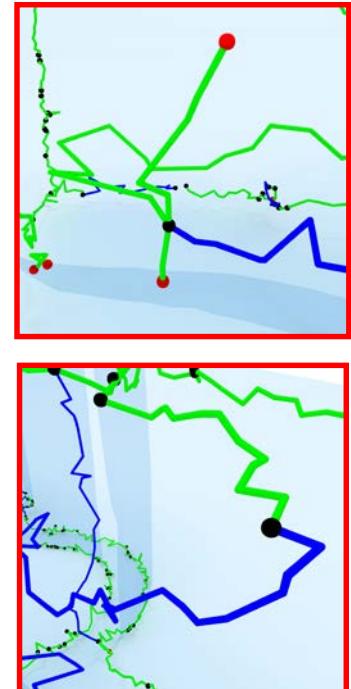
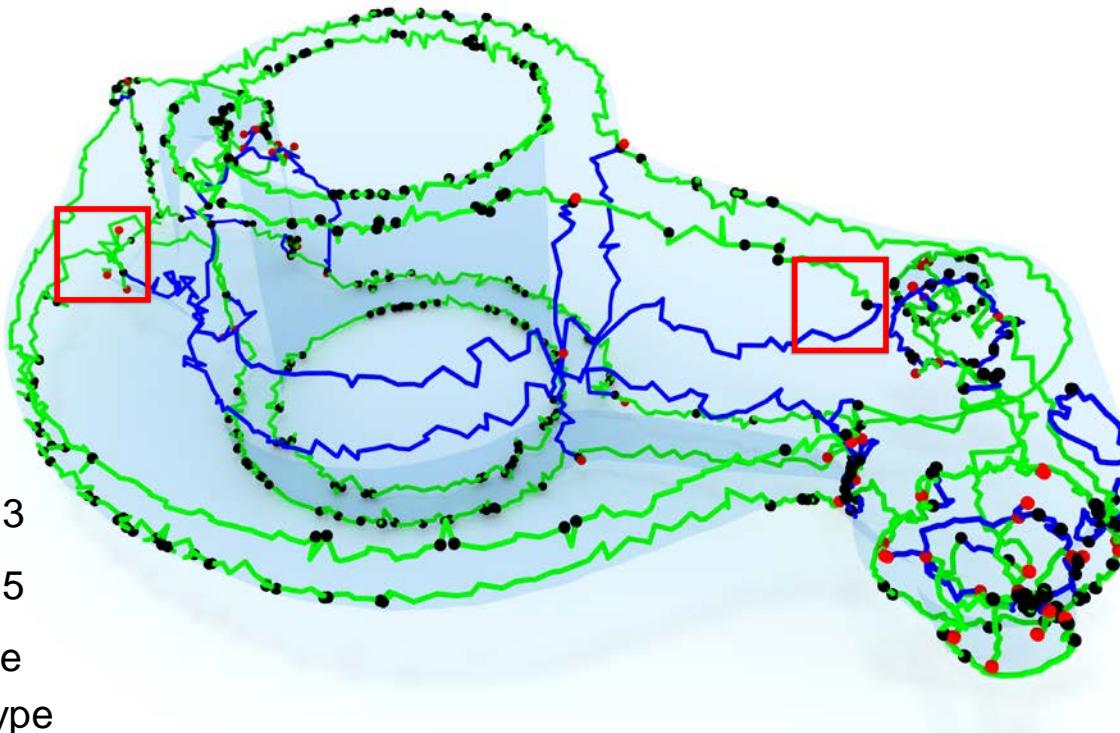
- Octahedral-Fields
  - one frame per tet  $q_i$  (unit quaternion)
  - $R \in \text{Octahedron}$  quaternion per face
  - 24 classes of matchings

singularities form a graph



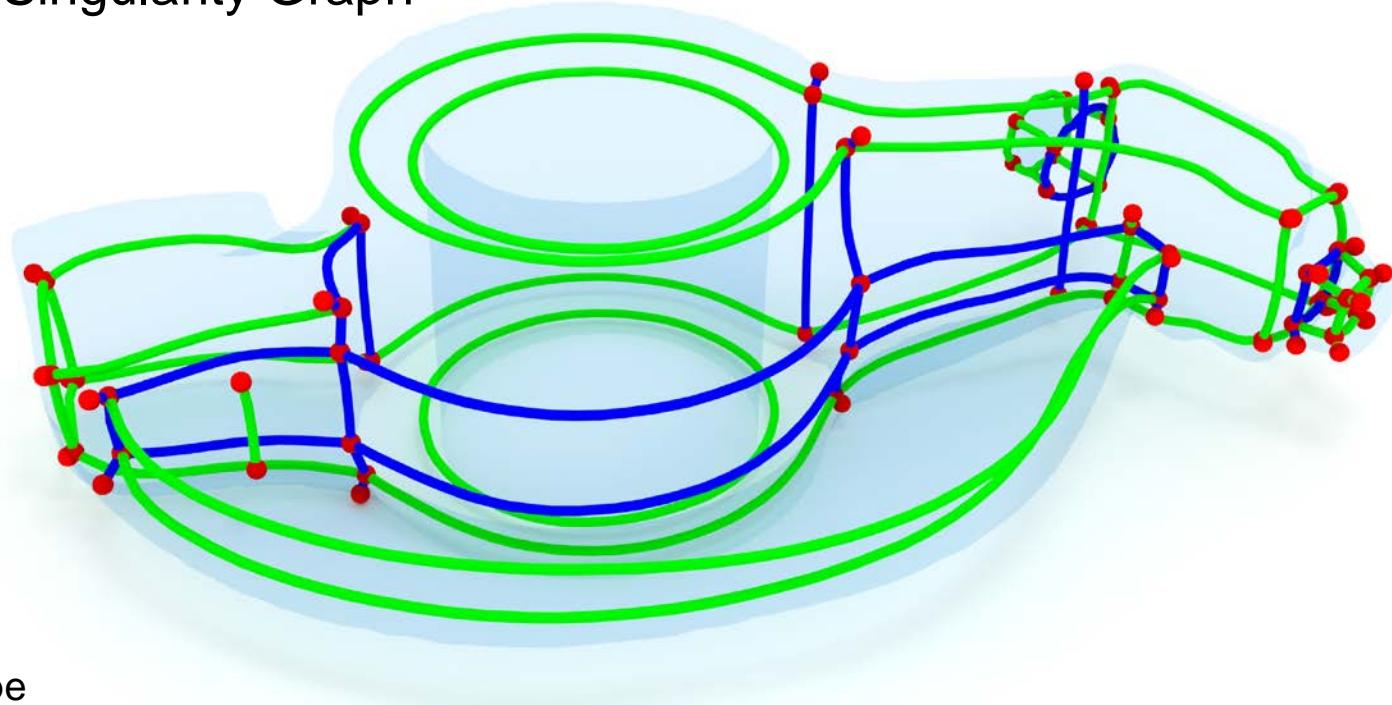
# Octahedral-Field Singularities

- Defects

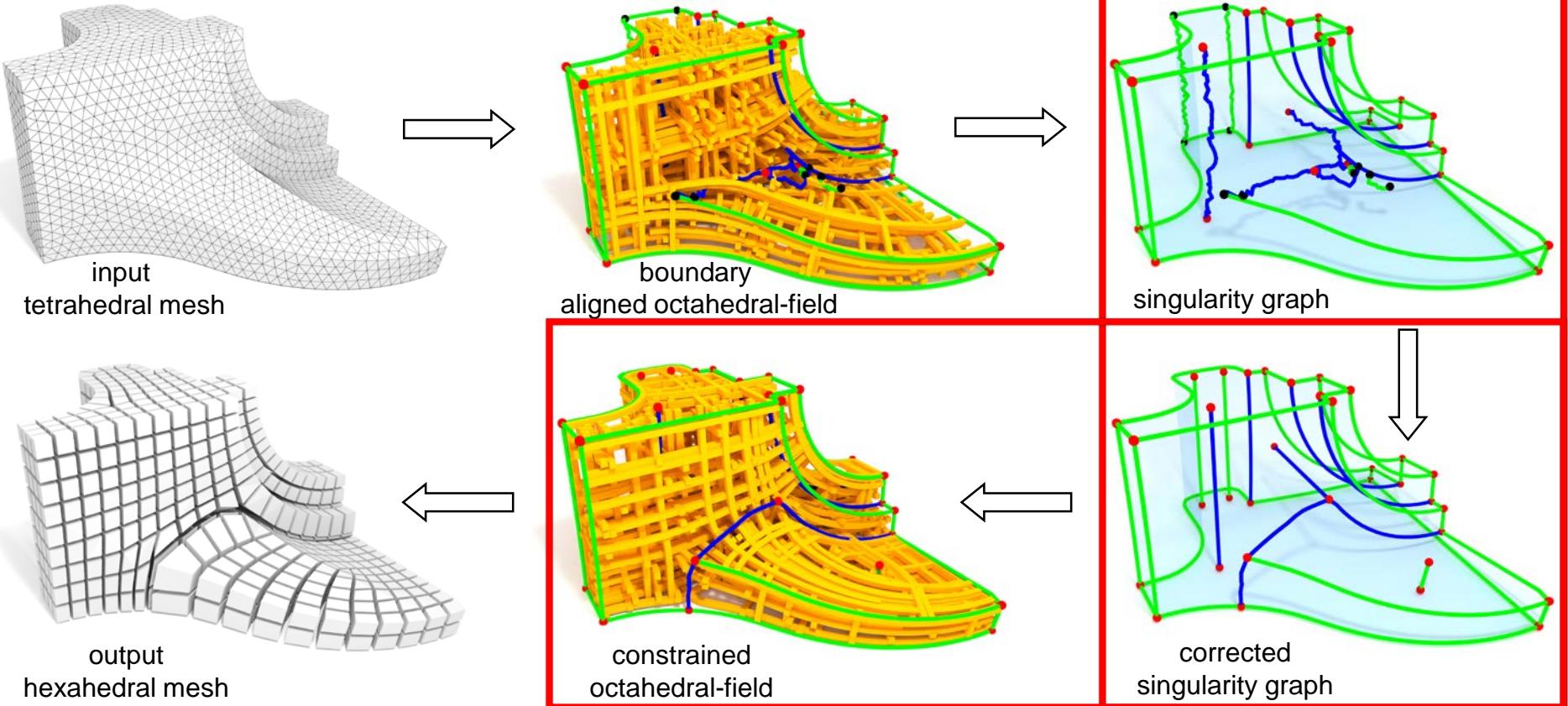


# Octahedral-Field Singularities

- Corrected Singularity Graph



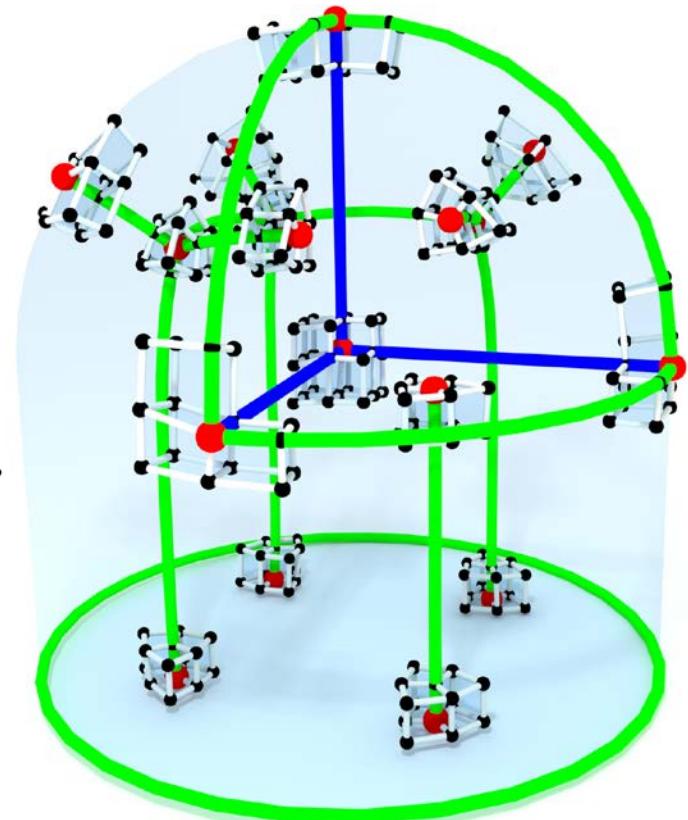
# Modified Algorithm



# Singularity Constrained Hexable Octahedral-Fields

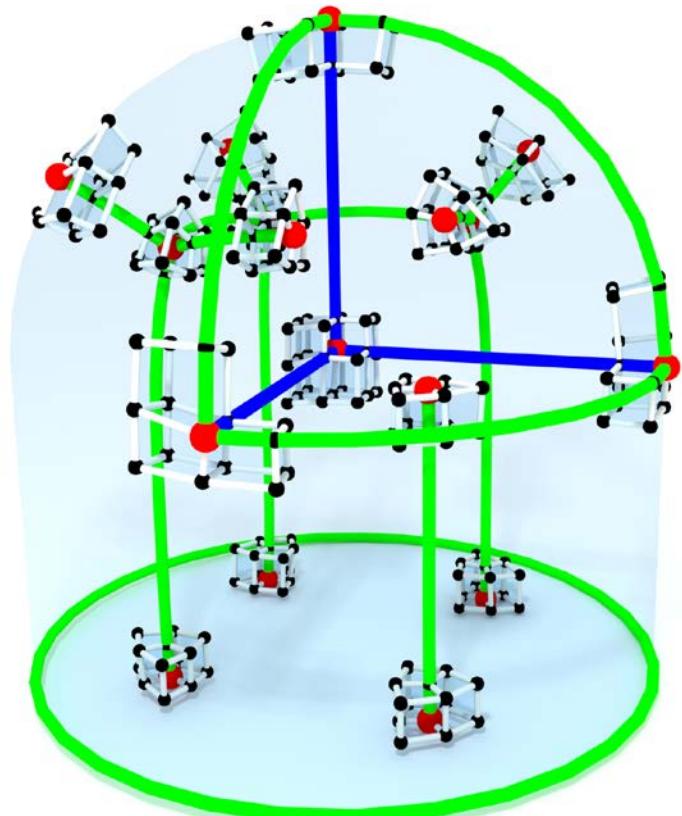
# Challenge

- **Input:**
  - Singularity graph  $S = (V_S, E_S)$ , satisfying
    - global necessary condition
    - local conditions
- **Output:**
  - an octahedral field  $O$  that is boundary-aligned and matches the singularity graph  $S$



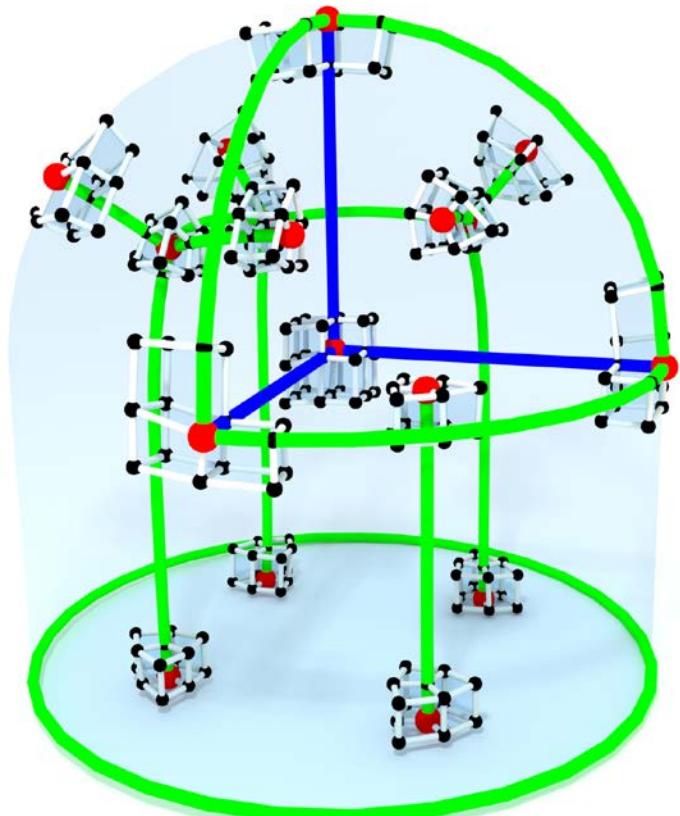
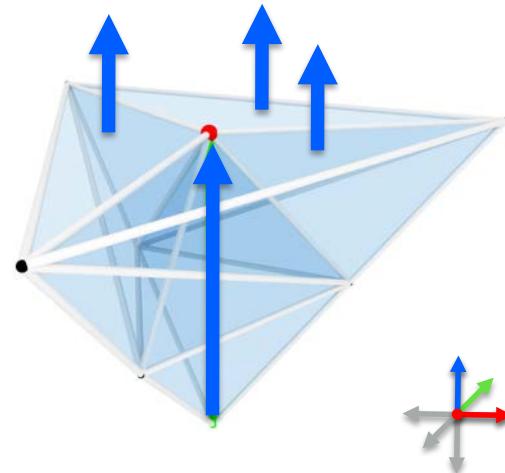
# Challenge

- **Input:**
  - alignment constraints  $A_s$
  - edge type constraints  $E_s$
  - vertex type constraints  $V_s$
- **Output:**
  - topological octahedral field  
→ matchings and field alignment



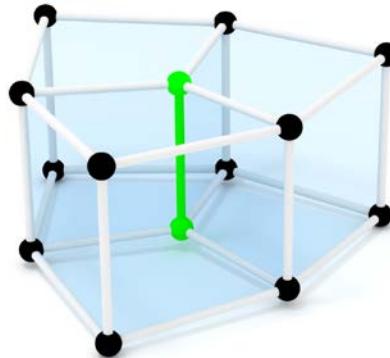
# Singularity Graph Constraints

- Input:
  - alignment constraints  $A_s$
  - edge type constraints  $E_s$
  - vertex type constraints  $V_s$

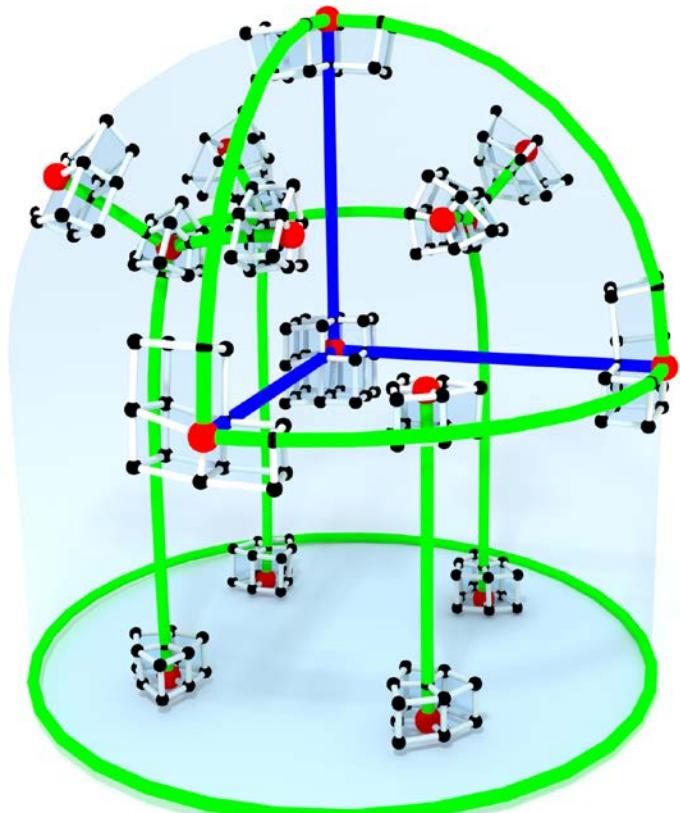


# Singularity Graph Constraints

- **Input:**
  - alignment constraints  $A_s$
  - **edge type constraints  $E_s$**
  - vertex type constraints  $V_s$

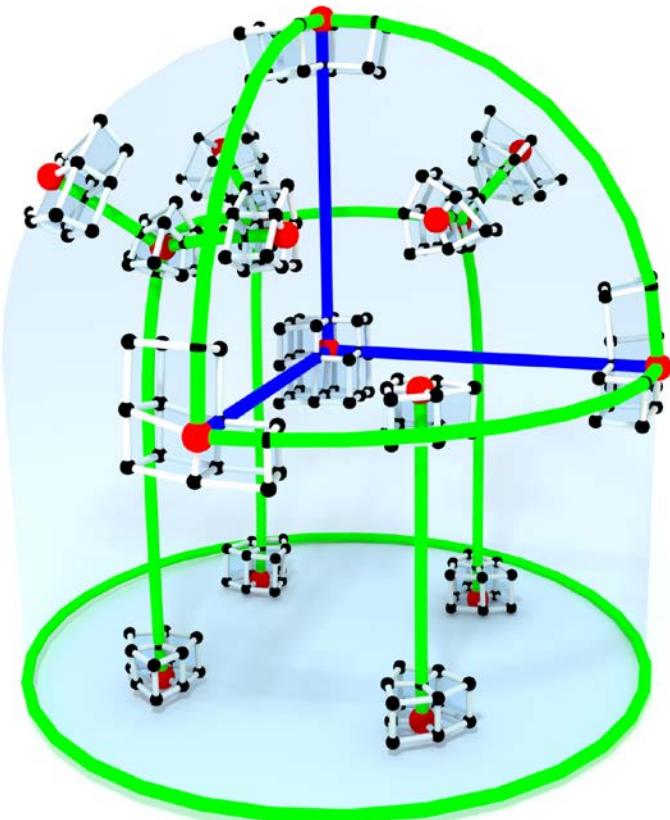
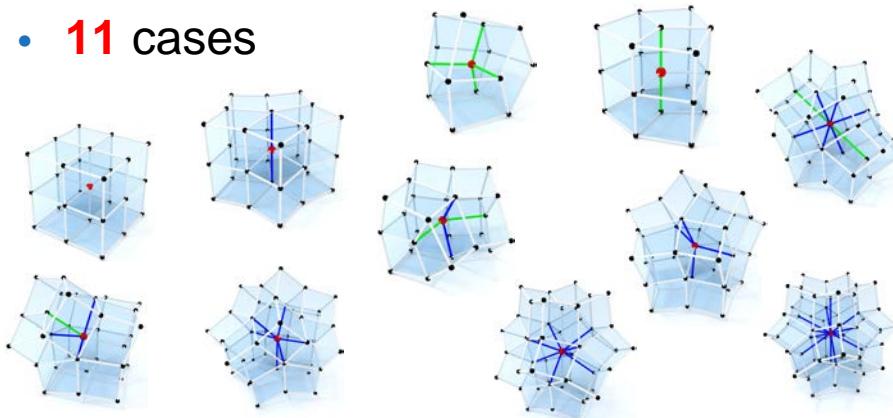


singular  
valence 3



# Singularity Graph Constraints

- **Input:**
  - alignment constraints  $A_s$
  - edge type constraints  $E_s$
  - **vertex type constraints  $V_s$**
- **11 cases**



# Singularity Graph Constraints

- Vertex type constraints

1. “axis-to-axis”

→ 4 possibilities

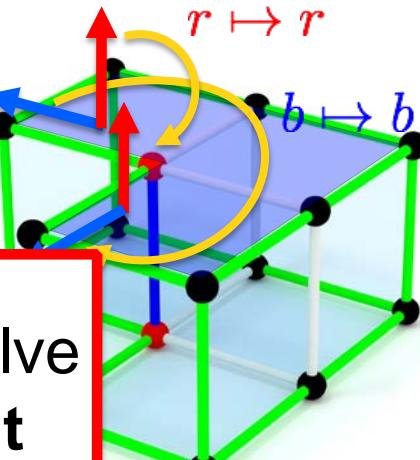
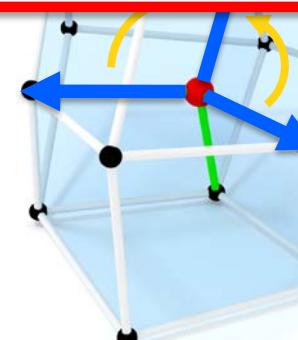
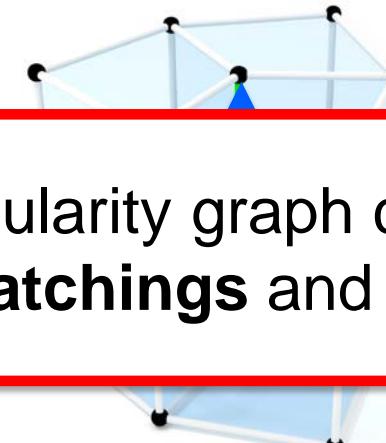
2. “3-axes-corner”

→ 4 possibilities

3. “2-axes-to-2-a-

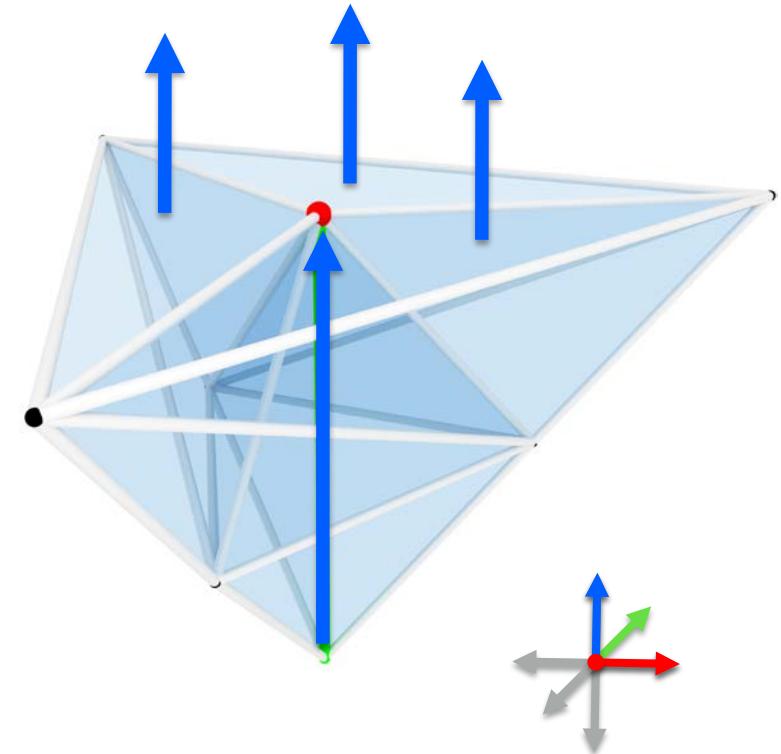
→ unique

Singularity graph constraints involve  
**matchings** and **field alignment**



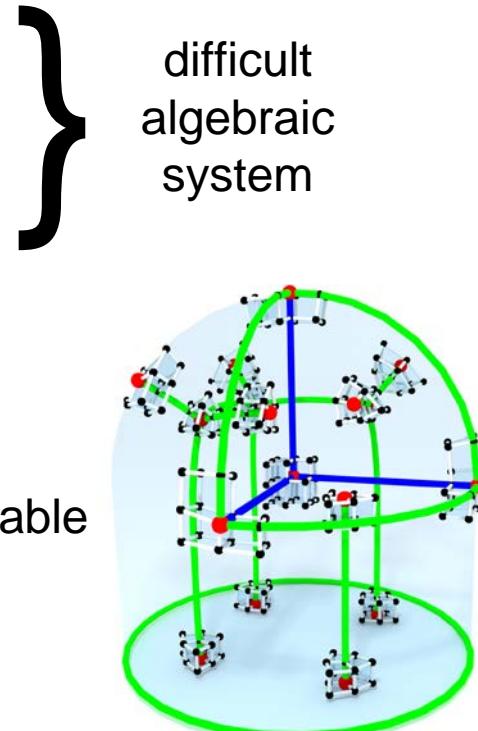
# Singularity Graph Constraints

- **Field alignment topologically matters for**
  - singular edges
  - surface normals
- **Idea:**
  - fix field alignment (arbitrarily) and then derive consistent matchings



# Simplified Algebraic System

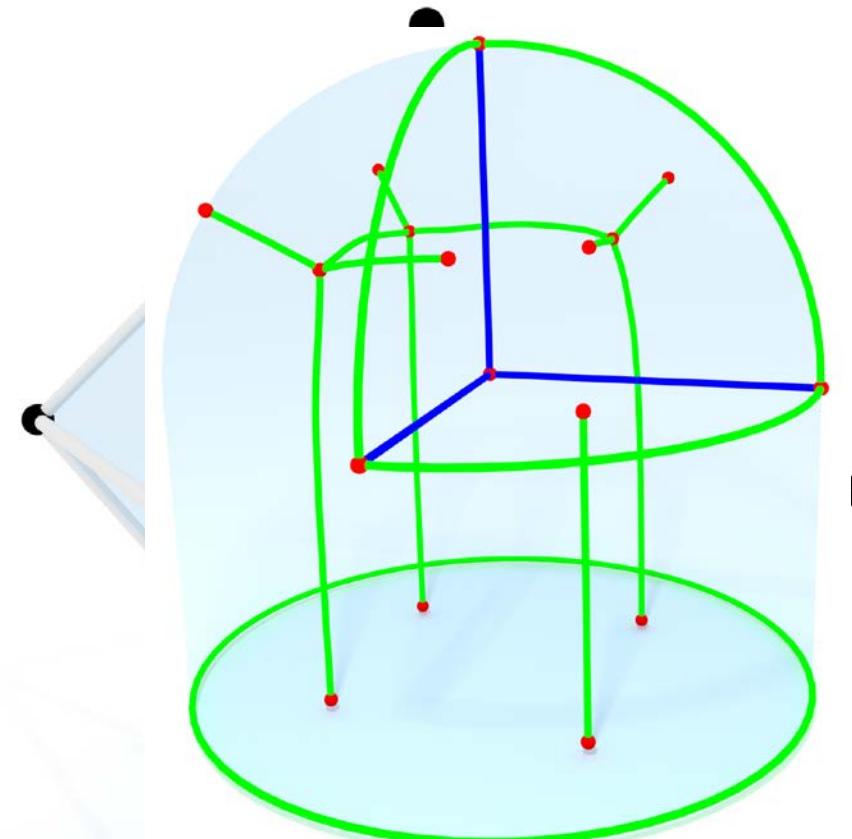
- **Input:**
  - axis alignment constraints
  - one edge type constraint for each tetmesh edge
  - vertex type constraints between adjacent singularities
- **Task:**
  - find consistent matchings
- **Idea:**
  - proceed from where local constraint information is available
    1. locally unique matchings (“2-axes-to-2-axes”)
    2. partially constrained matchings (“axis-to-axis”)



# Algorithm: Chart-Merging

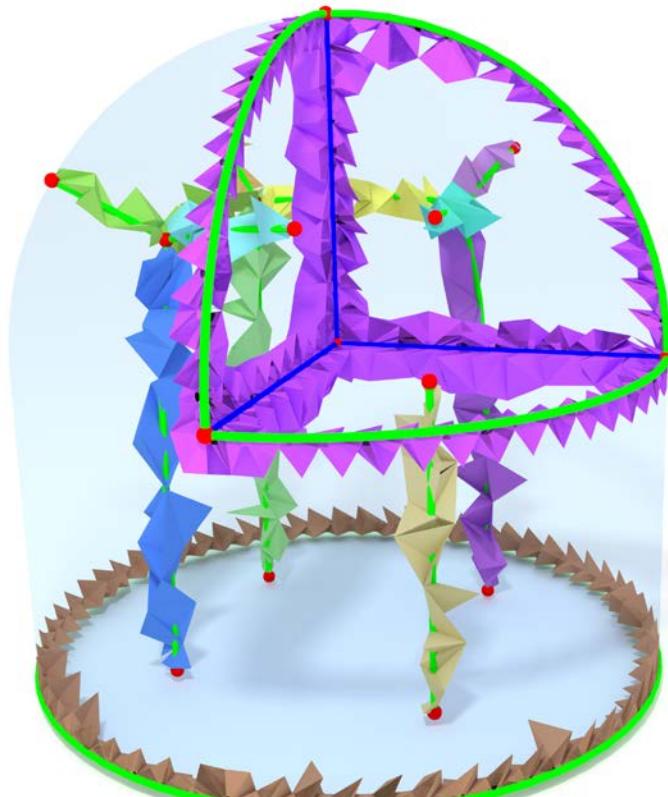
- **Algorithm**

1. MergeSingularArcCharts
2. MergeBoundaryCharts
3. MergeVolumeCharts



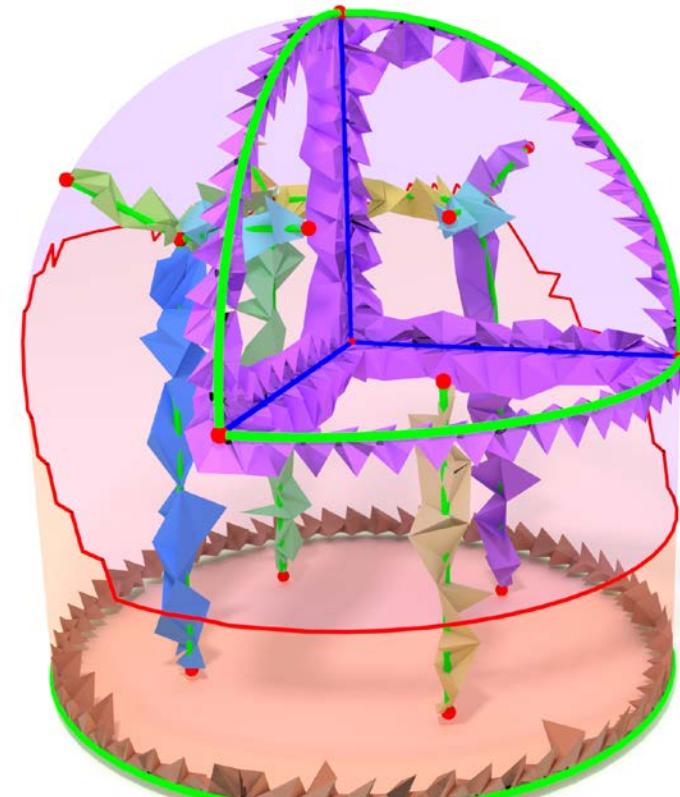
# Algorithm: Chart-Merging

- **Algorithm**
  1. MergeSingularArcCharts
  2. MergeBoundaryCharts
  3. MergeVolumeCharts



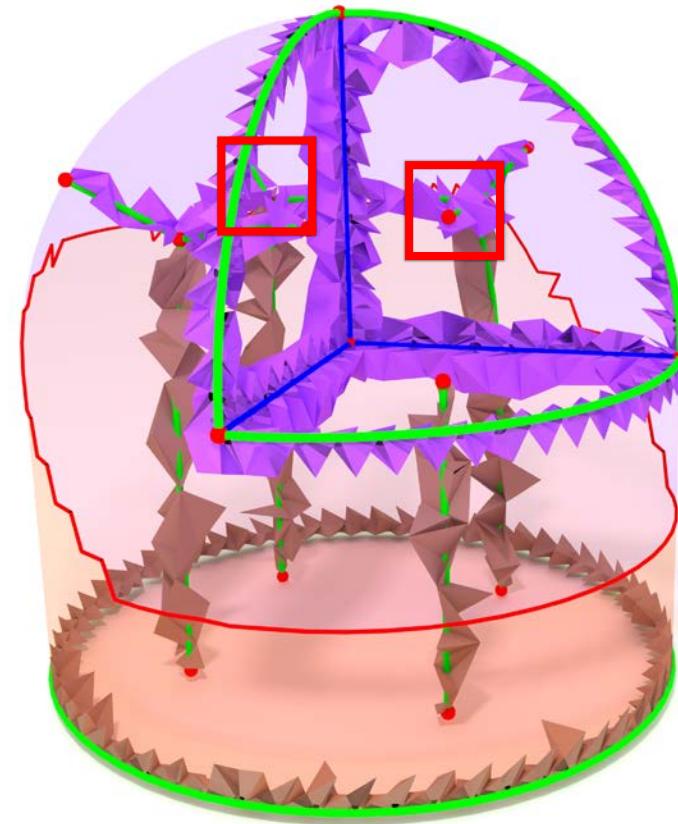
# Algorithm: Chart-Merging

- **Algorithm**
  1. MergeSingularArcCharts
  2. MergeBoundaryCharts
  3. MergeVolumeCharts



# Algorithm: Chart-Merging

- **Algorithm**
  1. MergeSingularArcCharts
  2. MergeBoundaryCharts
  3. MergeVolumeCharts

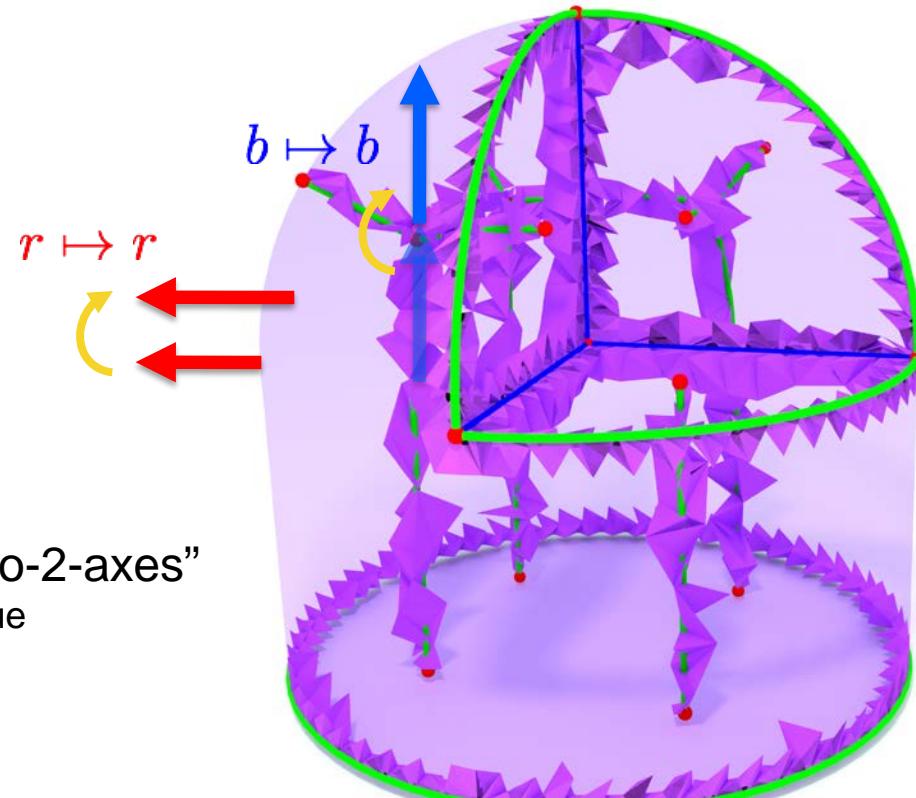


# Algorithm: Chart-Merging

- **Algorithm**

1. MergeSingularArcCharts
2. MergeBoundaryCharts
3. MergeVolumeCharts

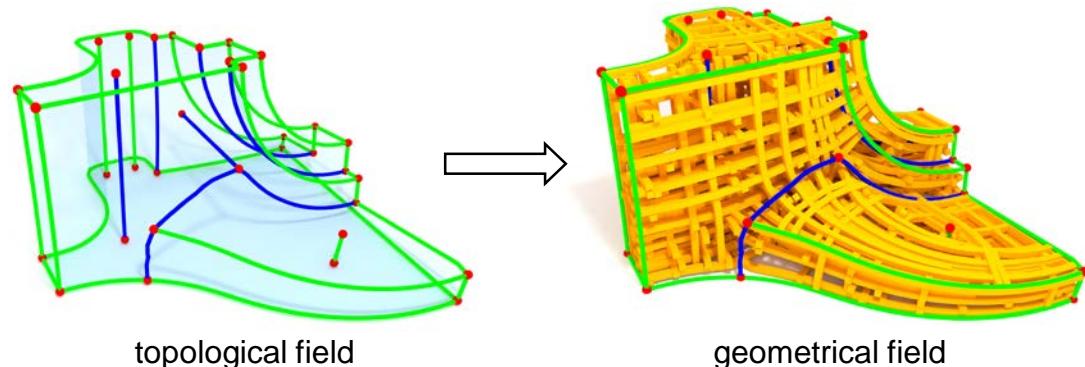
“2-axes-to-2-axes”  
 unique



# Algorithm: Topological Field to Geometrical Field

- **Input:**

- Axes alignment
- Matchings



$$\text{minimize} \quad \int_{\Omega} \|\nabla q\|^2 dV$$

$$\text{subject to: } A_i q_i = 0, q_i \in B$$

$$\|q_i\|^2 = 1, i = 1, \dots, n$$

Relaxation  
→

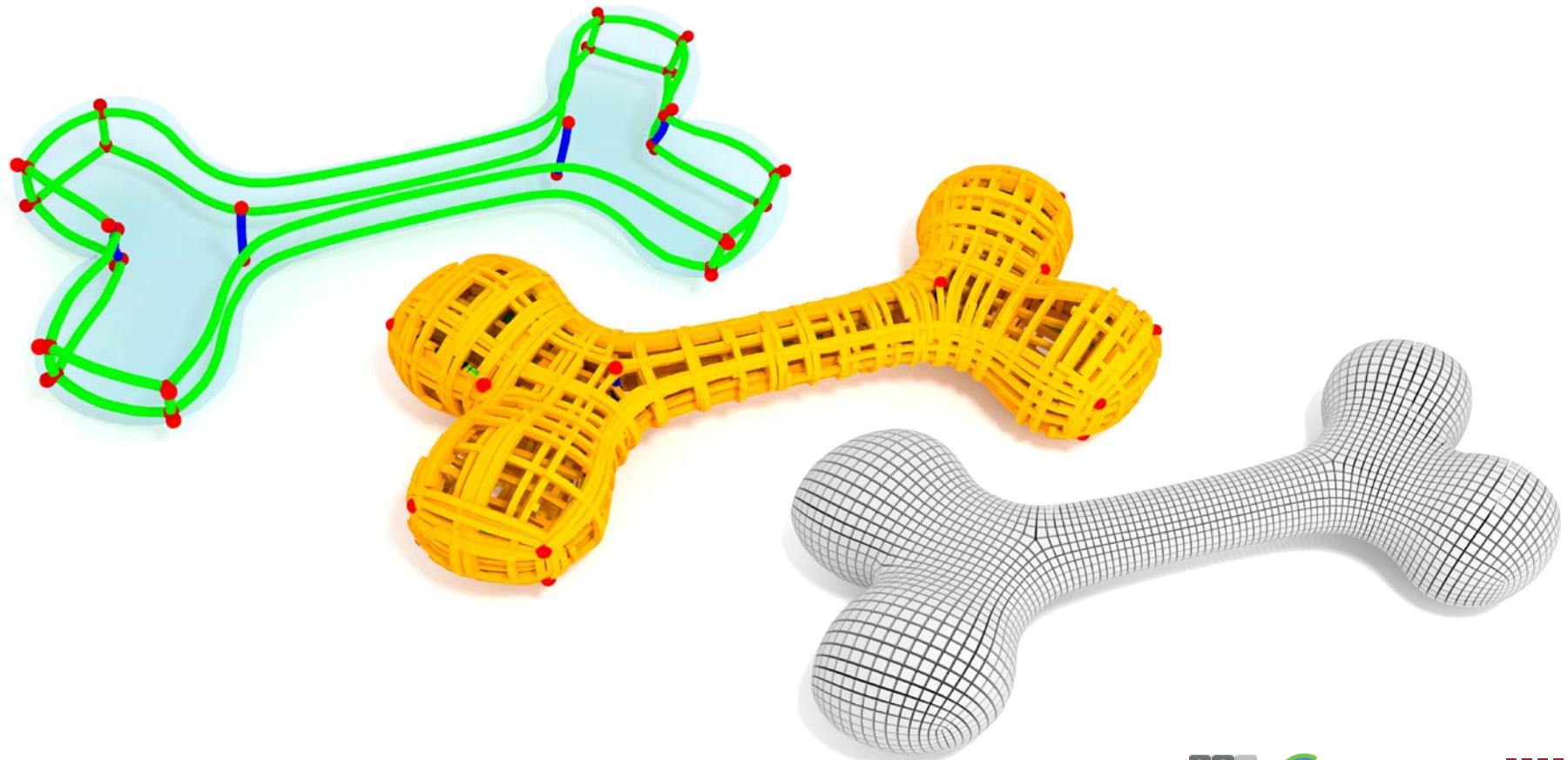
$$\text{minimize} \quad q^T Q q$$

$$\text{subject to: } \sum_i \|q_i\|^2 = n, i = 1, \dots, n$$

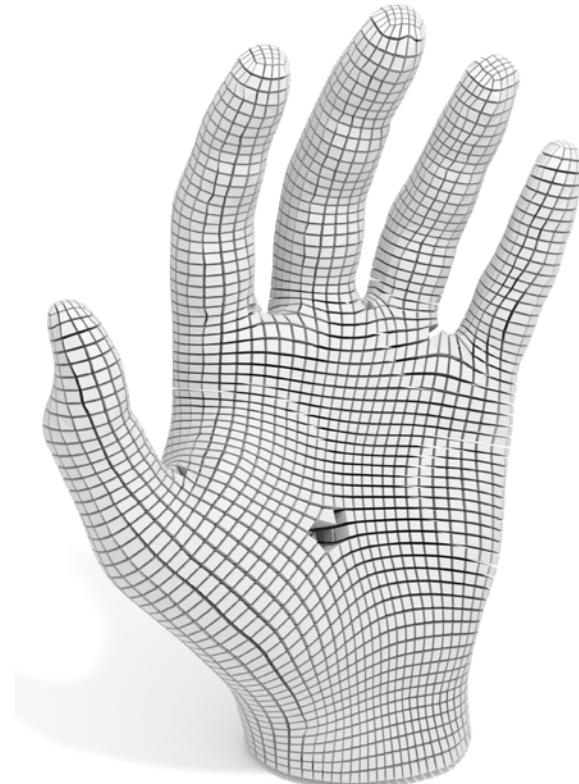
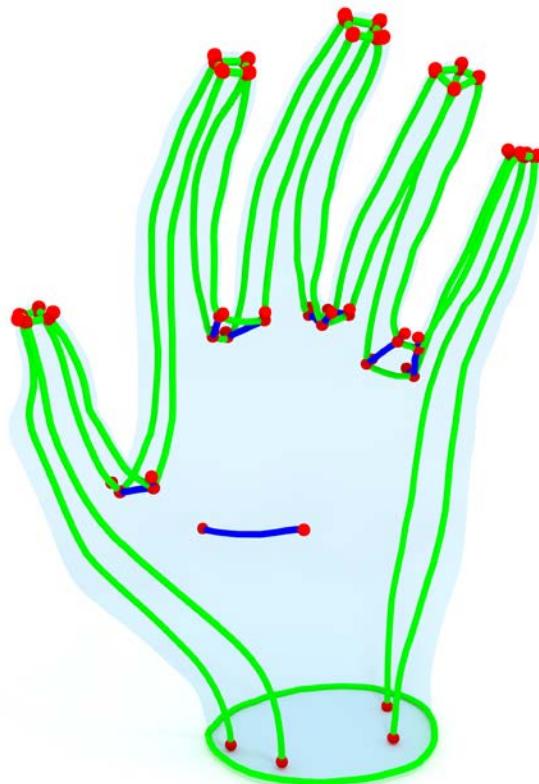
Eigenvalue Problem

# Results

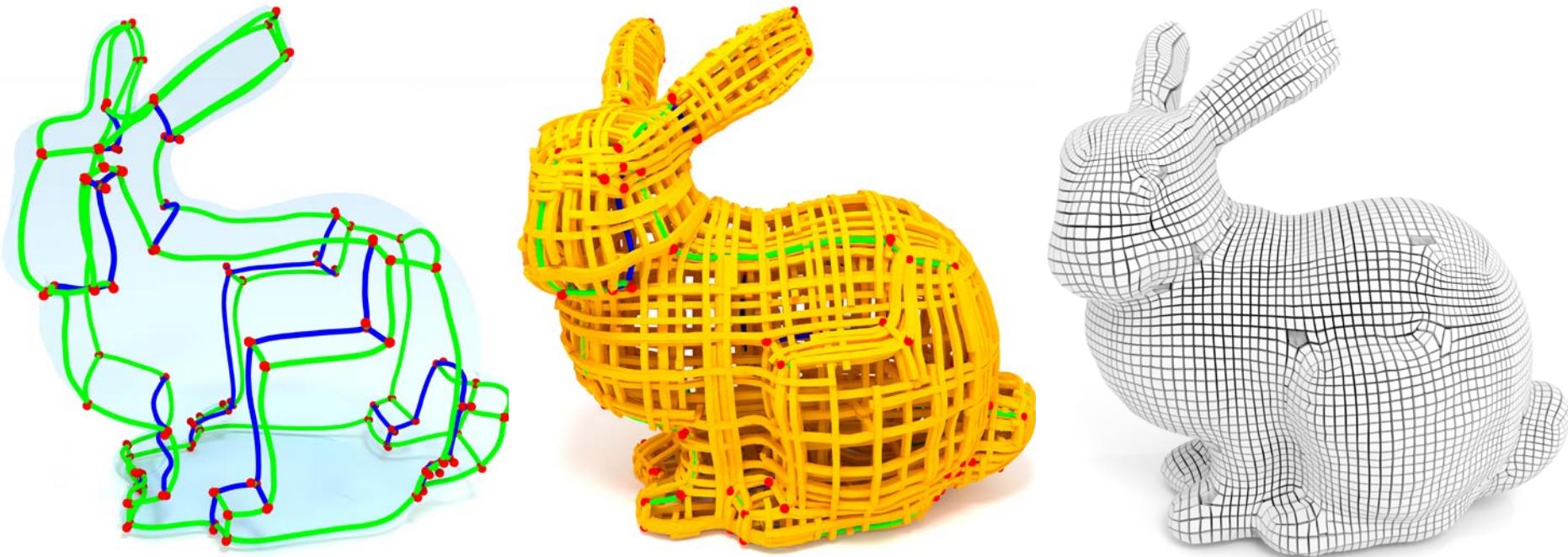
# Results-Bone[Tets: 71k Time: 0.9s/54.0s]



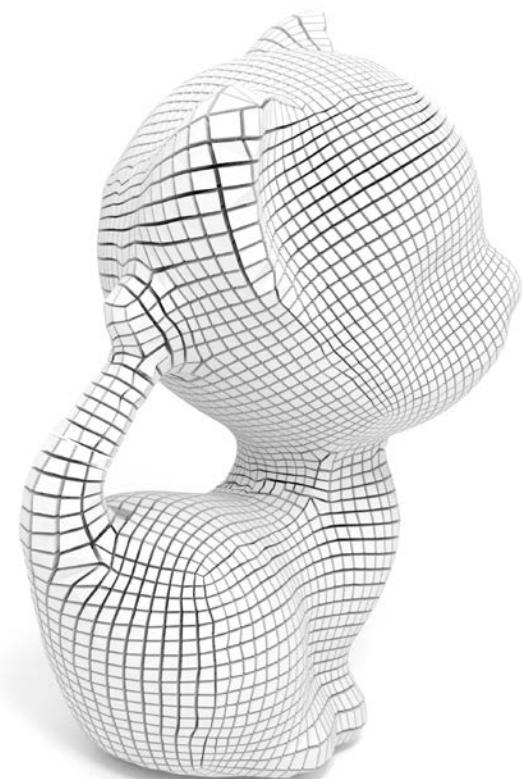
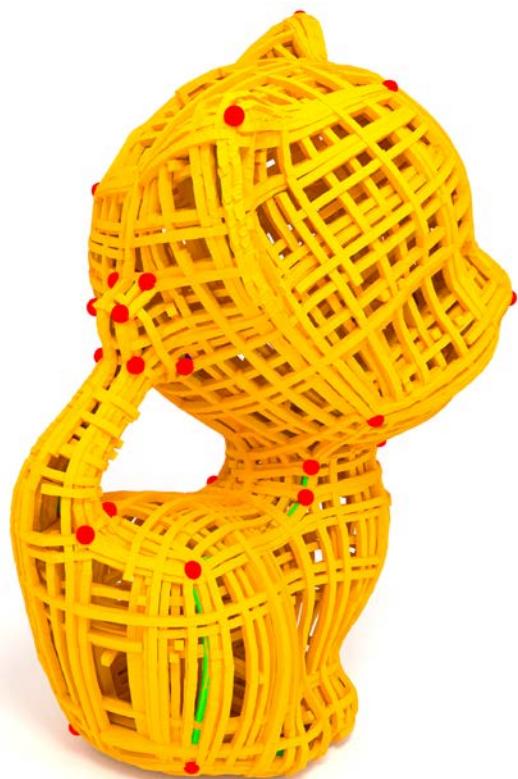
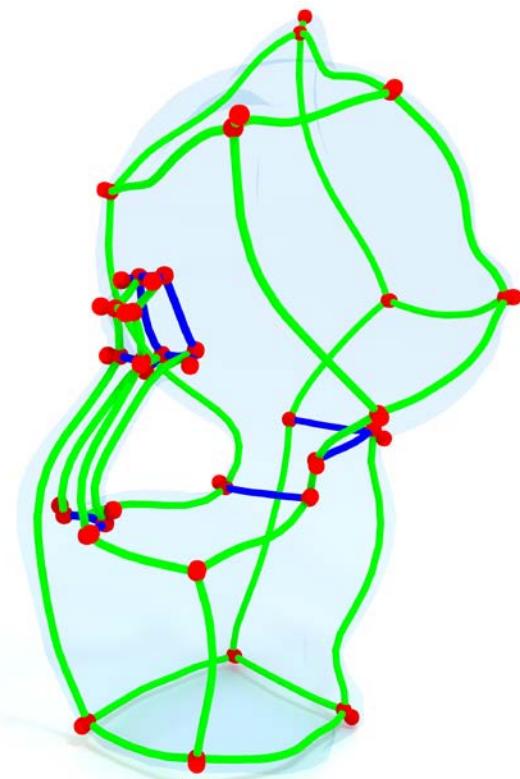
# Results-Hand[Tets: 113k Time: 1.8s/34.9s]



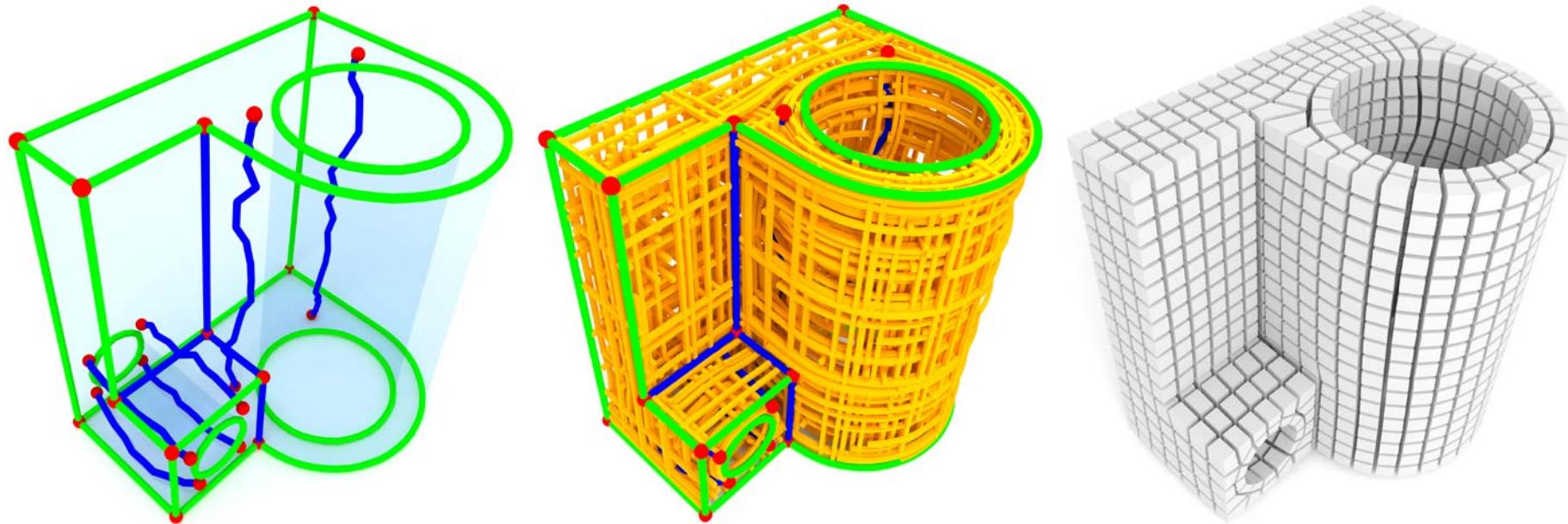
# Results-Bunny[Tets: 130k Time: 2.7s/53.2s]



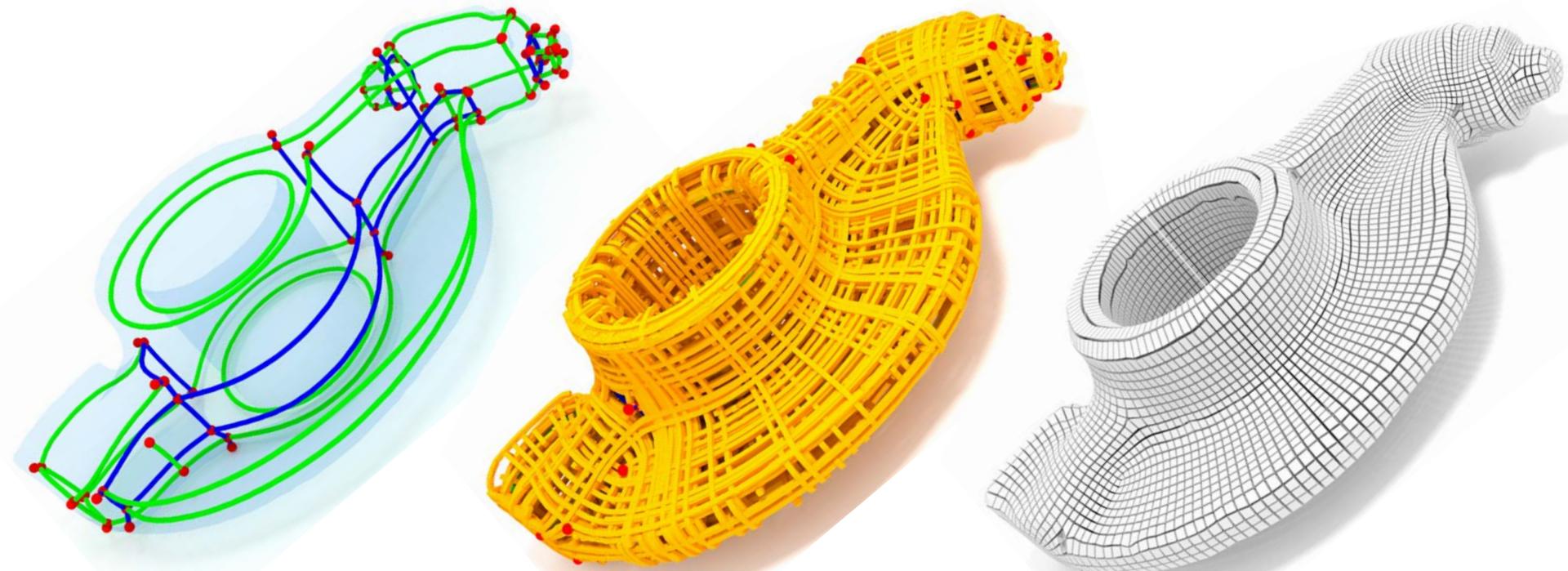
# Results-Kitten[Tets: 55k Time: 1.8s/28.3s]



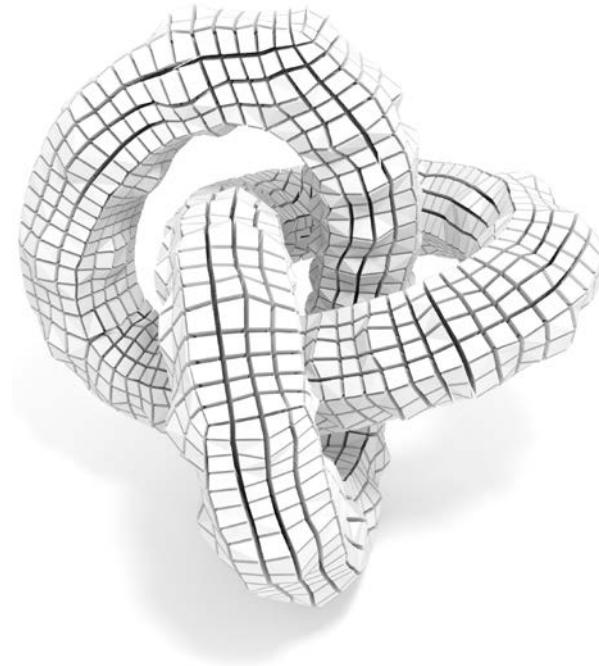
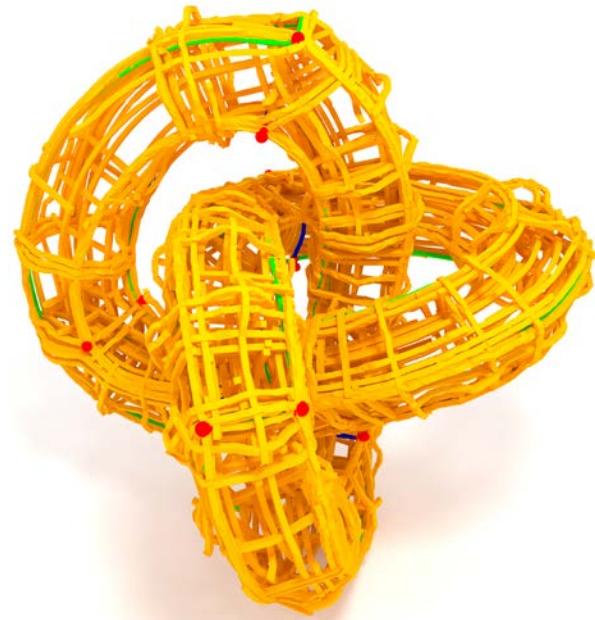
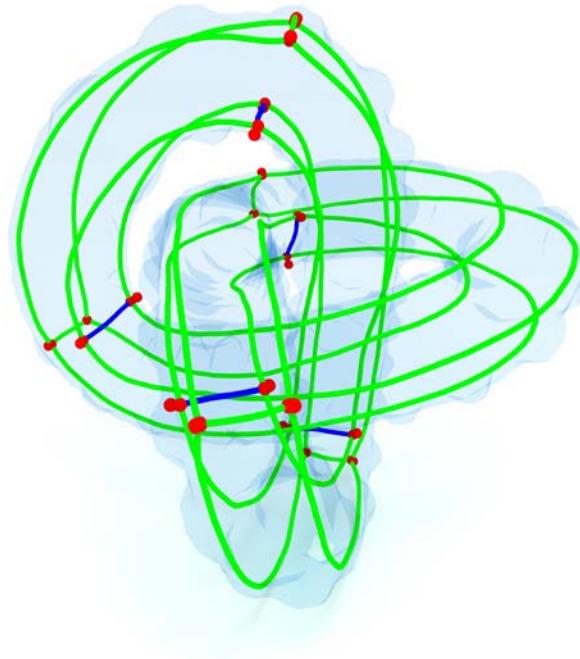
# Results-Joint[Tets: 44k Time: 0.5s/13.6s]



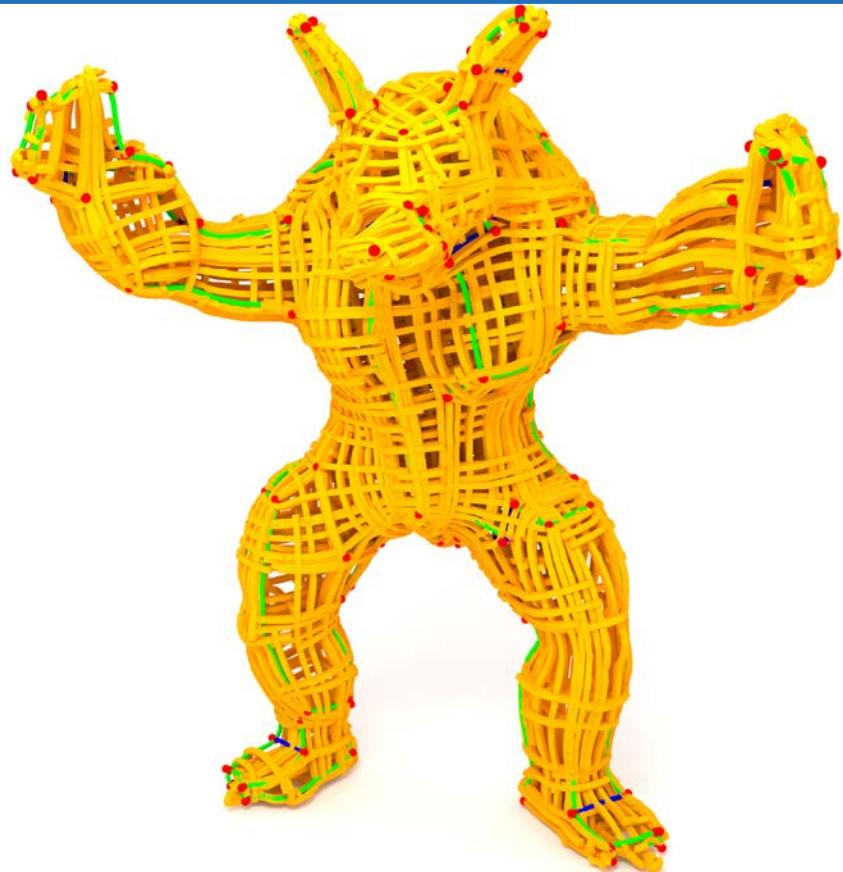
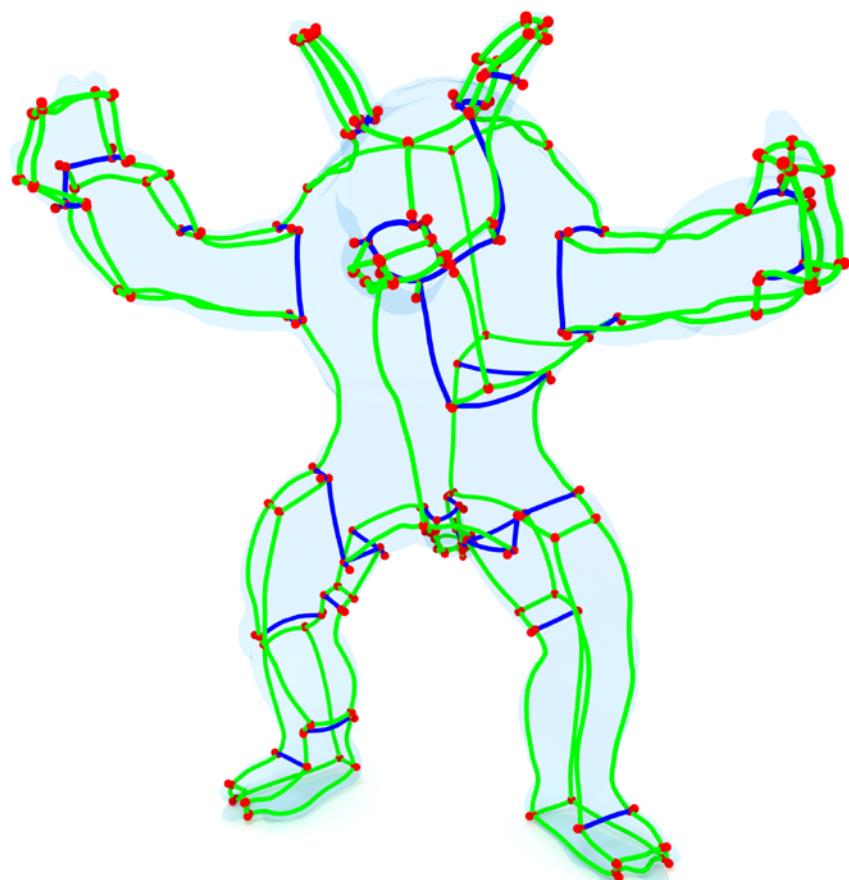
# Results-Rockerarm[Tets: 122k Time: 3.1s/67.5s]



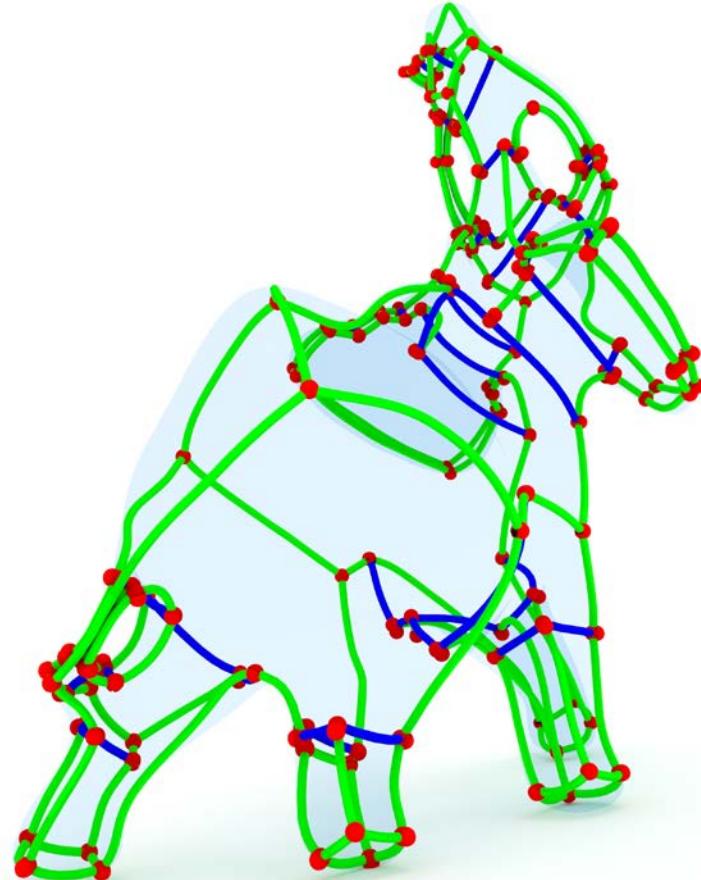
# Results-Knot[Tets: 131k Time: 1.8s/47.3s]



# Results-Armadillo[Tets: 206k Time: 6.0s/83.4s]



# Results-Elephant[Tets: 301k Time: 9.9s/88s]



# Summary & Outlook

# Summary & Outlook

- **Contribution**

- Necessary conditions: hex mesh singularities with valence 3, 4, 5 (and some more)
- Algorithm: octahedral-fields with fixed topology

- **Future Challenges**

- Sufficient conditions: local consistency & global consistency
- Automatic correction of invalid singularity graph
- Robust integer-quantization & mapping  $\Rightarrow$  automatic high-quality hex meshing

# Thank You!